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VOL 29 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894. NO 28

CANDIDATES.

HOW THEY LOOK AND WHO THEY ARE.

J. HENRY COCHRAN.

J. HENRY COCHRAN

His Election to the State Senate Conceded.

HIS SUCCESSFUL CAREER.

From a Log Cutter to One of the Largest Employers of Labor in This State. Fair, Just, Popular, Charitable and Strong in His Party.

The nomination and election of J. Henry Cochran, of Williamsport, as the next senator from this district, is conceded by all who are familiar with the situation. The district is composed of the counties of Lycoming, Montour, Columbia and Sullivan. Moutour county has instructed for him, and he has no opposition in Columbia, and he will, of course, receive the endorsement of Lycoming, at its convention in August.

The candidacy of Mr. Cochran is remarkably well received and it is already apparent that as to him party lines will not be considered when voting time comes.

Mr. Cochran came to Williamsport from Maine in the year 1862, then in the 18th year of his age, and first found employment in Clearfield county as a log chopper at $10 per month. He continued work as a woodsman and as a log driver until 1864, when he obtained employment on the boom at Williamsport, rafting out logs as a day laborer. A year or two later he associated himself with his brother, Joseph W. Cochran, and, as the firm of J. W. Cochran & Brother, engaged in the business of stocking logs for various mill owners in Williamsport. In the spring of 1866 he took up his residence in Cameron county, for a number of years having his home in the log camps, where the stocking operations were being carried on. The firm of J. W. Cochran & Brother is known to all lumberman on the river and was more than ordinarily successful in its business operations. In 1880 Mr. Cochran and his brother entered into partnership with E. R. Payne, of Williamsport, forming the well known firm of Payne, Cochran & Co. In 1885 he made Williamsport his permanent residence, although it had been his business headquarters for more than 15 years before.

In 1874 he was one of the organizers of the Lycoming National bank of Williamsport, and for 13 years he was one of its directors. In the year 1887 he formed a co-partnership with E. R. Payne, J. W. Cochran and H. C. McCormick and established the banking house of Cochran, Payne and McCormick, which soon became, and continues to be, one of the largest and most prosperous banking institutions in this part of Pennsylvania. In 1883 the firm of Payne, Cochran & Co., purchased a controlling interest in the Susquehanna boom, at Williamsport—the same boom on which the subject of this sketch had worked as a day laborer 19 years before. He is also interested in many of the manufacturing establishments of Williamsport and has extensive lumber interests in other States, notably at Ashland, in the State of Wisconsin.

His business operations it will be seen are very extensive, as much so as any man in this part of the State, and, from being himself a laborer, has for many years been a very large employer of labor. Those who have worked for him at one time or another, are to be found in almost every community in the lumbering districts of the State, and none can be found who would not testify to his uniform fairness, and to his extreme liberality in time of need.

Notwithstanding the constant demands of business Mr. Cochran has found time to take an active interest in the Williamsport hospital, he being president of its board of managers. He is also a member of the State board of managers of the Huntingdon Reformatory, having been appointed by Gov. Pattison about two years ago.

He has never been a candidate for any public office except the office of county treasurer of Cameron county, to which he was elected in 1877. His popularity was shown by the fact that although his party was in the minority in the county, and his Republican opponent an unobjectionable man yet Mr. Cochran received more than three-fourths of all the votes in the county, in several districts not a vote being cast against him.

He was a delegate to the national Democratic convention in 1892, and has many times represented his county in State conventions. In the councils of his party he has for many years been regarded as one of the safest and most judicious advisers. Mr. Cochran, in the community in which he lives, is known as one of the most liberal of contributors to all public enterprises and charitable institutions, while his unostentatious acts of private charity and his help of the poor and needy are known to his nearest friends as being even more liberal. He became a candidate for senator after upwards of 2,000 of the Democratic voters of Lycoming county had requested him by letter to do so. From present appearances he will be elected practically without opposition.

The Democratic party, and the people of this senatorial district, regardless of party, are to be congratulated upon the fact that they are to have so able a representative in the senate of Pennsylvania.

FIRE.

What might have proved to be an expensive fire, both to the employers and the employed at the Car Shops, on Wednesday, was luckily discovered in time to be punctually extinguished. Sparks from the fire necessary to generate steam ignited some shavings through a neglected aperture in a wall which the incessant heat had somewhat cracked and crumbled. Whistle blew the alarm and someone said the fire-bell rang.

The experiment of a midsummer engagement at the Opera-House has not proven very satisfactory so far financially. But the company is a success. All who saw them last night say we have had none better. They will play An Arabian Night Thursday night. The Prodigal Son, Friday, and The Clemenceau Case again on Saturday night. All who miss these performances make a mistake. Seats on sale at Slate's Book Store. Prices 15, 25 and 35 cts.

THAT ROAD-VIEW ACROSS THE RIVER.

There has been much comment upon a petition recently presented to the court, asking for the appointment of viewers to open a new road on the other side of the river at the end of the new bridge, said road to go under the Pennsylvania Railroad track, and to vacate the road reported by a recent set of viewers crossing the railroad at grade. If the law applicable to this case were better understood by the public, it is likely that there would have been no criticism of the action of the attorney who presented the petition, nor of that of the court which appointed the viewers. The Attorney, Grant Herring Esq. is employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. to prevent, if possible, a grade crossing at that point, and there can scarcely be a doubt in the mind of any reasonable man, that such a change is desirable. Every grade crossing is a dangerous thing. Scarcely a day passes that the newspapers do not record fatal accidents at such crossings, and it is for the good of the public, as well as to avoid expensive litigation, that the railroad company desires to have the roadway pass under their tracks instead of across them at grade.

The act of assembly under which this petition was presented reads as follows:

"The court of quarter sessions of every county of the common-wealth, *on being petioned* to grant a view for a road within the respective county, shall have power, *and are hereby required*, in open court, to appoint, as often as may be needful, three persons &c. to view the ground proposed for such road, and make report of their proceedings to the respective court &c."

From this it appears that no specified number of petitioners is required; the petitioners are not required to be residents of the township, nor even of the county, and it matters not whether they are property owners or voters. The court is *required* to appoint viewers on such a petition, having no discretion in the matter. It may be that the law in this respect needs amending, but as the proceedings in this case are strictly in accordance with the law as it stands on the statute books, neither the attorney nor the court should be misrepresented nor unjustly censured in a matter where no wrong was done or intended, and in which, so far as the application is concerned, the safety of the traveling public is the ultimate object in view.

CAMP-MEETINGS NEXT.

The twenty-third annual gathering of the Mountain Grove Camp-Meeting Association will commence July 31st, and continue until August 9th.

The tenting and other accommodations are excellent. There are 204 wooden tents 9x18 feet in size, and a commodious two story building 20x60 feet, has been erected near the boarding tent fronting on Avenue A.

Rev. John Horning, of Shamokin, will have charge of the preachers tent. As has been the custom for several years past, the gates of the grounds will be closed on Saturday night at 12 o'clock and remain closed during the Sabbath.

The religious services will be in charge of Rev. E. H. Yocum, D. D., Presiding Elder of the Danville District.

The opening sermon of the camp will be preached on Wednesday, August 1st, and the meeting will be closed on Wednesday evening August 8th.

We are not a dog-fancier, and hence we are not overcome with grief while making the announcement that eight members of the canine race have recently succumbed to the effects of eating something that did not agree with them. They can be well spared, with several hundred more; but we do not approve of this method of disposing of them. Poisoning dogs is not only inhuman, but dangerous. There are a few, a very few, dogs in town that are worth something, and these are just as likely to find the poisoned bait, as the worthless curs for which it is intended. It is strange how valuable a dog becomes as soon as he is dead. Just shoot one and let the owner know it, and he will want anywhere from five to fifty-dollars damages for the loss of his valuable animal, although nine-times out of ten, that same owner has lied to the assessor in order to escape the payment of a one dollar tax on the dog. So it goes.

The company at the Opera House the remainder of this week is first-class. Don't fail to see them.

BRIEF MENTION

About People You Know.

Profs. Cope, Dennis and Detwiler rode from here to West Chester on their bicycles.

Miss Natalie J. Foulke is now visiting Philadelphia friends.

Miss Schwat of Baltimore, is visiting Mrs. J. M. Gidding on East street.

Miss Louise Hutchison will sing a solo at St. Paul's church on Sunday morning.

Miss Sadie Coffman is spending a week in Wilkes-Barre visiting relatives.

Mr. A. B. Tyson is now in New York enjoying an outing.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Neal are sojourning at New Philadelphia.

C. C. Peacock went to Philadelphia Monday night.

Mrs. Wm. Chrisman and daughter spent Saturday among friends at Jamison City.

Mrs. Joseph Shaffer was a recent visitor to Cabin Run, visiting her father, A. C. Hagenbuch, who resides there.

Mrs. Crist, the aged and respected mother of Will. L. Crist, who is engaged on the "Daily," is in a very feeble condition.

Mr. Benjamin Johns, a Normal graduate, we notice has already got into position as teacher at Mocanaqua, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Slate are boarding at the Exchange Hotel until their new house is completed.

Miss Martha Moyer is the owner of a handsome driving outfit, consisting of a pony and phaeton.

Mrs. L. T. Sharpless is now entertaining Misses Hattie and Laura Robbins, of Wilkes-Barre.

Minnie Penman and Gertie Hower will represent Bloomsburg in the Cincinnati Christian Endeavor Convention.

Among visitors to Bloomsburg from abroad, we mention Miss Edna Roup and Miss Emma Gerringer, of Danville.

Miss Louise Hutchison of Kingston, and Miss Josephine Nicely of Wilkes-Barre, are the guests of Mrs. C. W. Funston.

Mrs. Almira Kellam, of Elizabeth City, N. J. is now among friends and relatives in the country.

Miss Jean Waller now takes her young friends out riding with a burro and cart. The motive power is adorned with a russet harness.

Miss Ida Miller and Miss Anna Faust, two of Frackville's young ladies, spent Sunday with her cousin, Miss Cora Miller, on Seventh Street.

Mrs. H. L. Goss, of Cambra, who recently sustained injuries from falling down the back steps at her home, is now fairly convalescent we are pleased to report.

F. M. Pealer, of Van Camp, accompanied by his brother-in-law, Mr. Gramps, of California, were among town visitors on last Saturday.

Mrs. C. S. Williams and son Harry, of Harrisburg, who have been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Brad J. Russell, returned to her home on Thursday of this week.

Esquire Hirleman, of Benton, we noticed among town visitors on Monday. Mr. Hirleman is in the somewhat animated race for sheriff.

Mrs. Sanford Runyan has returned to Jerseytown to visit her parents. Mr. Runyan is the gentlemanly and efficient help engaged by Cummings & Verdy in their chewing gum factory on Market street.

Prof. Albert will be occupied all this month in conducting institutes. He is now in Anderson, South Carolina, and will go to Seneca and Columbia in the same state, and to Asheville, North Carolina.

Mr. P. E. Wirt, who in his younger days discovered that "the pen is mightier than the sword," is now able to go abroad and enjoy a practical demonstration of the fact, while country editors are still wrestling with this same idea in vain.

Mrs. Dr. Ikeler and her two daughters from Three Rivers, Mich., accompanied by two lady companions, Miss Rebecca Ikeler and Miss Moore, of Normal Hill, favored the COLUMBIAN with a friendly call on Tuesday evening. Mrs. Ikeler and her husband, the Doctor, have many friends and relatives in Columbia and Luzerne counties.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.

At this season of the year it becomes necessary to bring our stock of summer goods down to low-water mark, so as to carry but very few over until next spring; and, in order to accomplish that purpose, we have made our prices so tempting that those having any idea whatever of investing in clothes would find it to their advantage to call now. A saving of from $3 to $4.00 on a suit is not to be sneered at these hard times, and that is just what you can do by calling on J. M. Gidding & Co., the clothiers.

The Mayor of Bloomsburg recently issued a complaint about defective sewerage in the southwest portion of the town, inviting the citizens to examine for themselves and then report or advise the Council as to what should be done. Defective sewers are a constant menace to the health of all obliged to inhale the contaminated atmosphere at any time but more particularly so in summer. Look after the sewerage.

Over three hundred people attended the excursion of the Episcopal Sunday School up the B. & S. on Wednesday.

The Presbyterian Sunday School had a picnic at Rupert on Thursday. They went down in Buckalew Bros. rigs.

The clothing buyers of this vicinity are gathering at Lowenberg's,

The Big Summer Clothing Sale

is the great attraction.

Only Lowenberg's could have the outlet for so much summer clothing. The great confidence reposed in them by the people gained only by years of honest faith between buyer and seller is fully merited and and public confidence is being amply repaid by

PRICES MARVELOUSLY LOW.

Never before in the clothing history of this section has summer clothing been sold so cheap. Men's beautiful fine serge suits sold by other stores at $13.50.

Our Price, $8.50.

Men's elegant all wool suits (wool that's all wool and not all cotton) considered cheap at other stores at $10.00.

Our Price, $6.00.

You will open your eyes when you see our boy's long pants suits (ages 10 to 20) for $2.00 and $3.00. Easily worth double the money.

Just think of it, children's whole linen suits 25c.

Men's and boy's light weight coats 20c.

Light weight goods for large men in abundance.

These are prices that makes the goods move, at the great leaders of the clothing business in Bloomsburg.

LOWENBERG'S

Next to the Central Hotel.

Ask to see our men's suits for $3.00 and $5.00. They will astonish you.

Russet Shoes

Owing to the lateness of the season, we still have a large stock of

Russet Shoes and Oxfords.

and, in order to make sure of closing all out before the season is over, we are offering several lots at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to see them if you are thinking of buying a pair of **RUSSETS.**

W. C. McKINNEY.

Clarks' Building, Main Street.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JONES & WALTER

Are now prepared to meet the wants of the people in foot wear. Our stock is full and complete, comprising some of the best makes in the country. We guarantee prices to be as low as the lowest, and our goods to be as represented. Our motto:

"Honest Goods at Fair Prices."

Call and see us. We will try to please you.

JONES & WALTER.

Dentler's old stand, Main Street, Bloom.

FRANK SHELHART

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Main Street, Opposite St. Elmo Hotel.

THE REMORSELESS BARBER

Experience of a Lecturer with the Hair Trimming Fiend.

The wild ungovernable passion a barber has for trimming your hair! On the 4th of December I was in Boston, thinking about a lecture I was expected to deliver in the evening, and so badly scared that I couldn't remember the subject nor what it was about. I went into a Tremont street "Institute of Facial Manipulation and Tonsorial Decoration," and inquired for the professor who occupied the chair of Mediaeval Shaving and Nineteenth Century Shampoo. One of the junior members of the faculty, who was brushing an undergraduate's coat pointed me to a chair, and I climbed in. When the performance was about concluded, the barber said to me:

"Have your hair trimmed, sir?"

I believe not.

"Needs it very badly, sir," he said; "looks very ragged."

I never argue with a barber. I said: "All right, trim it a little, but don't make it any shorter."

Immediately he trimmed all the curl out of it, and my hair naturally, you know, has a very graceful curl to it. I never discovered this myself until a few months ago, and then I was very much surprised. I discovered it by looking at my lithograph.

Well, anyhow, he trimmed it.

On the 6th of December I was at Bath, Maine. Again I was shaved, and again the barber implored me to let him trim my hair. When I answered him that it had been trimmed only two days before, he spitefully asked where it was done. I told him, and he gave expression to a burst of sarcastic laughter.

"Well, well, well," he said at last, "so you let them trim your hair in Boston. Well, well. Now you look like a man who has been around the world enough to know better than that."

Then he affected to examine a lock or two very particularly, and sighed heavily.

"Dear, dear," he said, "I don't know really, as I could do anything with that hair or not; it's too bad."

Well his manner frightened me, and I told him to go ahead and trim it, but please not to make it any shorter.

"No," he said, "oh, no, it wasn't necessary to cut it any shorter; it was really too short now, but it did need trimming."

So he "trimmed" it, and when I faced the Rockland audience that night, I looked like a prize fighter.

In four days from that time I was sitting in the chair of a barber down in New York State. He shaved me in grateful silence, and then thoughtfully run his fingers over my lonely hair.

"Trim this hair a little, sir?" he said, "straighten it up about the edges?"

I meekly told him I had it trimmed twice during the preceding week, and I was afraid it was getting too short for winter wear.

"Yes," he said, "he didn't know but what it was pretty short, but you didn't need to cut it any shorter to trim it. It was in very bad, ragged shape at the ends."

I remained silent and obstinate, and he asked me where I had it trimmed last. I told him and he burst into a shout of laughter that made the windows rattle.

"What's the matter, Jim?" inquired an assistant partner down the room, holding his patient in the chair by the nose.

Jim stifled his laughter and replied: "This gentleman had his hair trimmed down in Maine."

There was a general burst of merriment all over the shop, and the apprentice laid down the brush he was washing and came over to look at the Maine cut, that he might never forget it. I surrendered. "Trim it a little, then," I groaned, "but, in the name of humanity don't cut it any shorter."

"No," the barber said, "he wouldn't make it a hair's breadth shorter."

When I left that shop, if it hadn't been for my ears, my hat would have fallen down clear on my shoulders. When I reached the hotel, everybody started, and a couple of men got up and read a handbill on the wall, descriptive of a convict who had recently escaped from Sing Sing, and looked from the bill to myself very intently. That night several of the audience drew revolvers as I came out on the platform.

Then I went to Amsterdam, N. Y. The barber of that sleepy village, who, in the interval of his other duties acts as mayor of the town, and edits the local papers, undertook to shave me with a piece of hoop iron he pulled out of his boot leg. When I resisted he went out into the kitchen and came back with a kitchen knife and a can-opener, and offered me my choice. I selected the can opener, and he began the massacre, remarking incidentally that he used to keep a good sharp spoke shave for his particular customers, but he lost it. Then he said my hair needed trimming, very badly. I protested that it was impossible, it had been trimmed three times within ten days, and was as short now as a business man on the 1st of January.

"Oh," he said, "it wasn't too short, and beside there wasn't no style about it at all." He could give it some shape, however, he said, without making it any shorter.

So I surrendered and told him to shape it up. And if that foredoomed, abandoned, Amsterdam son of an oakum picker didn't go out into the woodshed and come back with a rusty old horse rasp and began to file away what little hair I had left. He allowed a few shreds and patches to remain, however, clinging here and there to my scalp in ghostly loneliness. I rather feared that my appearance that evening would create a panic, but it did not. I observed that the majority of the audience had their heads "shaped up" after the same manner, and were rather pleased with my conformity to the local custom and style.

Well, I got along to Corry, Pa., and rushed in for a shave and got it in no time and two motions.

"Hair trimmed, sir?" the barber said.

I supposed he was speaking sarcastically, and so I laughed, but very feebly, for I was getting to be a little sensitive on the subject of my hair, or rather my late hair. But he repeated his question, and said that it needed trimming very badly. I told him that was what ailed it, it had been trimmed to death; why, I said, my hair has been trimmed five times during the last thirteen days, and I was afraid it wouldn't last much longer.

"Well," he said, "it was hardly the thing for a man of my impressive appearance, who would naturally attract attention the moment I entered a room (I had to stand on tiptoe and hold on with both hands to look over the back of a car seat) to go around with such a head of hair, when he could straighten it out for me in a minute."

I told him to go ahead, and closed my eyes, and wondered what would come next.

That fellow took a pair of dentist's forceps and "pulled" every lock of hair I had left.

"There," he said proudly, "now when your hair grows out it will grow out even."

I was a little dismayed at first when I looked at my glistening poll, but after all it was a relief to know that the end was reached, and nobody could torment me again to have my hair trimmed for several weeks. But when I got shaved at Ashtabula, the barber insisted on puttying up the holes and giving my head a coat of shellac. I yielded, and my head looked like a varnished globe with the maps left off. Two days after, I sat in a barber's chair at Mansfield. The barber shaved me silently. Then he paused, with a bottle poised in his hand, and said:

"Shampoo?"

I answered him with a look. Then he oiled my hairless globe and bent over it for a moment with a hairbrush. Then he said:

"On which side do you part your hair?"—Robert J. Burdette.

Ancient and Mediaeval Chemistry.

The workmen who dyed clothes, clothing and tapestries in purple or other colors, an industry practiced first in Egypt and Syria and then in all the Grecian, Roman and Persian world, not to speak of the extreme East, employed highly developed chemical manipulations; and the cloths found on the mummies and in the sarcophagi attest their perfection. Pliny and Vitruvius describe in detail the production of colors, such as cinnabor or vermillion, minium, red chalk, indigo, black, green and blue colors, vegetable as well as mineral, performed by painters. The chemistry of alimentation, fruitful in resources and in frauds, was next practiced. The art was known of accomplishing at will those delicate fermentations which produce bread, wine and beer, and which modify a large number of foods; also of falsifying wine by the addition of plaster and other ingredients. The art of healing, seeking everywhere for resources against diseases, had learned to transform and fabricate a large number of mineral and vegetable products, such as sugar of poppy, extracts of nightshades, oxide of copper, verdigris, litharge, white lead, the sulphurets of arsenic and arsenious acid; remedies and poisons were composed at the same time, for different purposes, by doctors and magicians. The manufacture of arms and of inflammatory substances—petroleum, sulphur, resins and bitumens—had already, anciently as well as in our own time, drawn upon the talents of inventors and given rise to formidable applications, especially in the arts of sieges and marine battles, previous to the invention of the Greek fire, which was in its turn the precursor of gunpowder and of our terrible explosive matters.—Popular Science Monthly.

A Story Lincoln Told Grant.

Chronologically the talk had come to Grant's journey east to assume general command, and his first meeting with Lincoln. "Did he give you his impression of Lincoln when he returned from that interview?" I asked.

"Not exactly," answered Col. Grant. "You see, I was with him at the time."

"In Washington?"

"Yes; in Washington and in the White House—with him and Lincoln."

"Is it true that Lincoln quoted a story about Capt. Bob Shorty and the Mackerel Brigade from the Orpheus C. Kerr papers to your father at that meeting?" I asked.

"Very likely; though I don't remember. The story that I do remember hearing him tell my father that day was about Jocko. Jocko was the commander of an army of monkeys in a monkey war, and he was always sure that if his tail was a little longer he could end the monkey war. So he kept asking the authorities of the monkey republic for more of a tail. They got other monkey tails and spliced them on his. His spliced tail got too long to drag after him, and they wound it around his body. Still he wanted more, and they wound his spliced tail about his shoulders. Finally it got so heavy that it broke his back. Mr. Lincoln applied the story to the cases of generals who were always calling for more men and never did anything with them. They talked about the campaign, but in a desultory way. I remember Mr. Lincoln's saying, 'I don't give many military orders. Some of those I do give I know are wrong. Sometimes I think that all of them are wrong.'"—McClure's Magazine.

Pat's Ingenuity.

An Irishman on one occasion passed a grocer's shop, and seeing a pile of cheeses on the counter, and noticing the shopman had left the shop, thought it a good opportunity to get a cheese for nothing.

He therefore stepped lightly into the shop, and taking a couple of cheeses, placed one on each side of the scales. The shopman, hearing the noise, came from the back shop and asked Pat what he was about.

"Och," said Pat, "don't annoy yourself; I only wished to know if your cheese or mine is the heaviest."

"Like your confounded cheek," said the shopman, angrily; "if you don't take your cheese out of this at once I'll set the police on you."

Pat lifted the cheese, and, smiling at the trick he had performed, bade the shopman a respectful good-day.

Following a Prophet.

A false prophet has arisen on the Island of Jamaica. He teaches that God has given him power to make a new Bethesda or a small river on the island. Every Wednesday he stands on a rock in the stream and blessed the waters, which are then supposed to have the power of healing any disease. The natives are crazy in the fanatic belief in the new prophet, and 20,000 pilgrims a day bathe in the waters.

WOMEN CRIMINALS.

The Record They Have Made as Murderers Is a Bad One.

Continuing his discussion of the increase in the number of female criminals in Europe and America, Dr. Hugo Muench, the eminent Berlin sociologist, said to a St. Louis reporter: "The woman who captivated more men in a given time and spent more money in better style than any other in Paris was Miss Sutherland, a New York girl. Josie Mansfield was almost as notorious in the French capital as in the American metropolis. It was an American beauty, Miss Blackford, who captivated the Russian Grand Duke and held him in abject slavery for many months. And, go where you will throughout Europe, you will find the greatest swath in the way of high class crime is being cut by American women. Investigation has shown me that the number of adventuresses in New York is something startling—most of them made so by the necessities of American high pressure life.

"In the more serious class of crimes women are on an equality with men. In one line of iniquity of the blackest description, poisoning, they surpass men. Poisoning has ever been a woman's crime, both in ancient and modern times. Jocasta, Catherine de Medici, Lucretia Borgia, the Marchioness de Brinvilliers are familiar examples in point. And in this country, out of seventy-two cases of poisoning, of which count has been kept during the last nineteen years, fifty-eight have been attempted by women. To such an extent has poisoning by women been carried that in a case of so-called mysterious poisoning the detectives turn to look for a female, and seldom turn in vain.

"As murderers, women have in the nineteenth century been making a bloody record. Account for it as philosophers or moralists may, the facts seem to show that since woman has asserted her rights to struggle for herself with the world on the same terms as man she has likewise struggled violently, and often murderously, with men and women. The number of murderesses in the nineteenth century has been as great as the number of heroines. Nor have the murderesses been confined to the under class, outside, as it were, of the restraints of civilization. On the contrary, there have been more murders or killings committed by women in large cities, or civilized communities, than on the frontiers or border lands. Women know very well that in America, at least, there is a sentimental prejudice against hanging one of their sex, and, with their characteristic cunning, they are taking advantage of this fact."

Sham Knowledge.

It is easy enough to learn what the gypsies would call the "patter" of various professions. One can discourse learnedly, on leaving a concert hall, concerning the value of the music he has heard; or he may criticize a picture, with the proper reference to "foreshortening," "highlights," "middle-distance," and the rest of it.

"It is a fine poem; yes, a very fine poem," said a would-be critical friend to an author, "but you will excuse me for saying I don't think you have a perfect understanding of the sonnet form. The pause hardly comes in the right places."

The author bowed and smiled merrily; and afterwards a common friend said to him:

"You seem to take criticism very cheerfully, Fred."

"Bless you!" said he, "that isn't criticism, but 't amuses Tom to deliver it. The poem he was talking about isn't a sonnet at all. It has nineteen lines."

Agassiz was once asked what he thought of an attack made on his scientific position by a certain scholar and thinker who had a book knowledge of the different theories advocated by the representatives of science, and decided that Agassiz must be ranked in the second or third class. He burst into a roar of laughter.

"Why, just think of it," he said, "he undertakes to fix my place among zoologists, and he is not a zoologist himself. Why, he has never even been an observer!"

It often happens that the men who really know a subject from beginning to end, so far as a human being may, are those who have least time to talk about it. So there are long silences to be filled by the people who are content with seeming to know, and few of them have the self-control to resist the temptation.

A Tariff Effect.

The young woman's father was one of those men who talk tariff so much that in time they learn to disregard the comfort of their families and talk it in the home circle. Thus it was that the girl knew as much about the tariff as she did about housekeeping. Yet she found time in the midst of her political economy to have a couple of real sweethearts, not to speak of a host of fellows who wanted to be. Of the two favored ones, one was a farmer's son and the other was a swell youth from the city. This latter she in time chose as the one, and when her father heard of it he called her before him.

"So," he said, "you have thrown over this excellent young farmer and chosen a city dude?"

"Yes, papa," she smiled.

"Well, I don't like it, and I want to know your reasons for doing it."

"They are plain enough," she responded promptly. "I have heard you talk tariff until I am thoroughly convinced that the only kind of protection I need in my home industries excludes the raw material and admits the finished product."

A Curiosity of the Law.

Additions to rented premises, when made by the tenant, should never be fastened with nails, but with screws, says a St. Louis lawyer. The reason for this lies in the fact that should he wish to move away and take with him the boards and other lumber composing the improvements he has made he can simply draw out the screws and take the planks. If he fastens them with nails, however, he can remove nothing, and the improvements become the landlord's property. The fact results from a legal quibble, insisting that articles fastened with screws are for temporary use, and if put in place by the tenant are his own property.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

$11.00

No. 37. Surrey Harness.

$37.50

No. 7384, Top Buggy.

$43.00

No. 3, Farm Wagon.

Have sold to consumers for 21 years, saving them the dealer's profit. We are the Oldest and Largest manufacturers in America selling Vehicles and Harness this way—ship with privilege to examine before any money is paid. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warrant for 2 years. Why pay an agent $10 to $20 to order for you? Write your own order. Boxing free. We take all risk of damage in shipping.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Spring Wagons, $31 to $50. Guaranteed same as sell for $50 to $85. Surreys, $65 to $100 same as sell for $100 to $130. Top Buggies, $37.50, as fine as sold for $65. Phaetons, $66 to $100. Farm Wagons, Wagonettes, Milk Wagons, Delivery Wagons and Road Carts. BICYCLES FOR MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN.

$23.50

No. 1, Farm Harness.

Our Harness are sold at Manufacturer's Prices.

Single, $6 to $20

Double Buggy, $18—$35

Farm, $16 to $35.50.

RIDING SADDLES and FLY NETS.

5 per cent. off for cash with order. Send 4c. in stamps to pay postage on 112-page catalogue.

Address W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

$75

No. 721, Surrey.

$26

No. 727, Road Wagon.

$55

Elkhart Bicycle, 28in. wheels, pneumatic tires, weldless steel tubing, drop forgings.

"Where dirt gathers, waste rules."
Great saving result from
the use of
SAPOLIO

Ely's Cream Balm For
CATARRH
THE POSITIVE CURE.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

Long Tales

told about manure won't raise paying crops. **Baugh's** manure is all manure. A ton of good manure costs no more than a ton of poor manure. Write for samples and information.

BAUGH & SONS COMPANY,
Manufacturers of RAW BONE MANURES,
20 South Delaware Avenue, - Philadelphia.

I AM NOW A
MAN!

AS HE WAS. AS HE IS.

Chicago, Oct. 5, 1892.
"I was troubled with emissions and varicocele, and had been sexually weak for seven years. During the last four years I tried every remedy that was sold and got no relief for any of my troubles until I took CALTHOS—it cured and restored me and I am now a man."
(Extract from one of thousands of letters received by us.)

We will send you the marvelous French preparation CALTHOS *free*, by sealed mail, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will
STOP All Discharges and Emissions,
CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele, and
RESTORE Lost Vigor.

Use it & pay if satisfied.

Address VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, O.

B. F. SHARPLESS, Pres. N. U. FUNK, Sec. C. H. CAMPBELL, TREAS.

BLOOMSBURG
LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY
Capital Stock, $30,000.

Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

B. F. SHARPLESS; J. L DILLON.
C. W. NEAL, A. G. BRIGGS, DR. I. W. WILLITS,
DR. H. W. MCREYNOLDS, N. U. FUNK.

11-19-tf

Special Attention
—GIVEN TO—
REPAIRING
WATCHES CLOCKS JEWELRY
—AT—
J. G. WELLS.

Eyes examined free of charge.

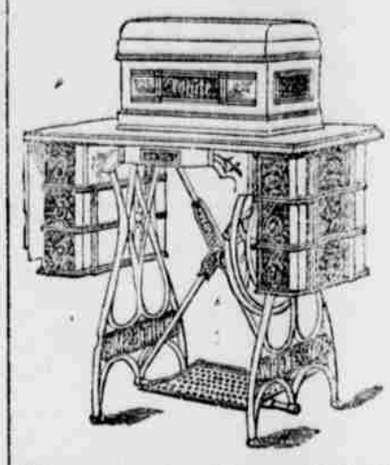
J. G. WELLS.

Look Here!

Do you want a PIANO?

Do you want an ORGAN?

Do you want a Sewing Machine?



Do you want any kind of a MUSICAL INSTRUMENT?

Do you want SHEET MUSIC?

If so, do not send your money away from home, but deal with a reliable dealer right here, who will make things right, if there is anything wrong.

For anything in this line the place to go is to

J. Saltzer's.

Ware-rooms, Main Street, below Market.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .16
Eggs per dozen	.16
Lard per lb	.12½
Ham per pound	.14
Pork, whole, per pound	.07 to .08
Beef, quarter, per pound	.06 to .08
Wheat per bushel	.70
Oats " "	.45
Rye " "	.65
Wheat flour per bbl	3.00
Hay per ton	16 00 to 18.00
Potatoes per bushel, old	1.00
" " " new	1.25
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to .40
Tallow per lb	.04
Shoulder " "	.12
Side meat " "	.10
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12½
Raspberries	.12½
Cow Hides per lb	.02
Steer " " "	.03
Calf Skin	.40 to .50
Sheep pelts	.60
Shelled corn per bus	.60
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.00
Chop "	1.20
Middlings "	1.10
Chickens per lb	.10
Turkeys " "	.12
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.10

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE
Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Coughs, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain. Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.
7-13-1 t.

IN CONGRESS.

The Tariff Bill Passes the Senate at Last.

It Will Not be Law Just Yet, However.

The Campaign Committees Busy.

Straight Facts Sought From the Crooked.

Adjournment About August 1st.

The Administration and the Mails.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1894.

The small attendance in both House and Senate shows that lots of Senators and Representatives are disposed to extend their holiday over the rest of the week. For the ten days previous to the passage of the tariff bill the Senate certainly had a hard time with daily sessions from 10 to 6 o'clock or later, and the thermometer constantly in touching proximity to ninety degrees. It is not surprising that the passage of the bill, a few minutes before the beginning of Independance Day, by a vote of 39 to 34, should have been followed by an exodus to the mountains and seashore, and that the wilted Senators should be a little slow in returning to their duties. However, no time is really being lost on account of their absence, as the work of preparing the appropriation bills for action is going right along in the Senate Appropriation Committee, and the conferees on the part of the Senate on the tariff bill—Senators Voorhees, Harris, Vest, Jones, Sherman, Allison and Aldrich—will be on hand as soon as wanted by the conferees on the part of the House. No surprises were connected with the final vote on the tariff bill, unless the vote of Senator Hill against it can be so considered. The Populists divided, Allen and Kyle voting for the bill and Peffer and Stewart against it.

Everybody is speculating on what the result of the conference on the bill will be, and everybody is agreed that many changes will be made, but there is no agreement as to the nature of the changes, further than that they are likely to be mostly towards the original Wilson bill. Representative Holman says on the subject: "It is an almost invariable rule that if there is an overwhelming sentiment in the House for a particular line of action it finds expression and overcomes all delays and obstacles of parliamentary procedure. I feel certain that in the issue between the Senate and House the latter will carry the day." Mr. Holman also says that his Congressional experience has taught him to expect considerable delay in tariff conferences between the Senate and the House. Let impatient folks make a note of that.

Representative Bynum, of Indiana, is at the head of the sub-committee of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee that is charged with compiling a text-book to be used by Democratic speakers in the Congressional Campaign. The work is progressing, but cannot be completed until the tariff bill has finally been disposed of by Congress. The choice of Mr. Bynum to direct this work was a happy one. He will be certain to include in the book everything that can help the stump-speaker in his arguments, as he believes that the stump-speaker is away ahead of the literary bureau as a vote getter; because the average man will listen to a clever speech while he will not read pamphlets, however cleverly they may be prepared

Representative Springer, chairman of the House Committee on Banking and Currency, says he considers it extremely doubtful whether the sub-committee recently instructed to prepare and report to the full committee a currency reform bill will complete its work at this session of Congress. One reason for the delay is that Representative Culbertson, of Texas, a member of the sub-committee, has been detained at home by the serious illness of Mrs. Culbertson.

The Grand Jury this week indicted the two newspaper correspondents who declined to give the Senate investigating committee the sources of their information concerning the alleged sugar trust scandal, and, like the two stock-broker's previously indicted, they gave bail for their appearance when wanted for trial. The Grand Jury has yet to set upon the cases of Havemeyer and Searles, of the sugar trust, who were also certified for refusing to answer questions. It is expected that the Constitutionality of the law under which these indictments were found will be argued some time in August, and if the law is upheld by the local court the case will be appealed to the U. S. Supreme Court, as it is of the utmost importance that the question should be passed upon by our highest court.

Representative Catchings, of Miss., who is a member of the House Committee on Rules, and therefore in a position to know, says he does not consider it possible for Congress to adjourn as early as the first of August, but is certain that it will do so very shortly after that date.

President Cleveland is commended on all sides for the promptness with which he decided and ordered that Federal troops should be used to prevent the mail service of the country being interfered with by railroad strikers and to back up the authority of U. S. Court officials. The President is kept thoroughly posted, through Attorney General Olney, Postmaster General Bissell and Secretary Lamont, upon every phrase of the strike, they being in constant telegraphic communication with their subordinates.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. 1m.

An Attractive Magazine.

"What Constitutes a Good Husband" is discussed by a lot of clever women among whom are Mary Hallock Foote, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward.

"The Duchess," "Grace Greenwood" and Amelia F. Barr, in the July *Ladies' Home Journal*. "The Thirty and One" is the clever title of a delightful short story by Charles D. Lanier. Will N. Harben contributes "The Heresy of Abner Calihan," a strong study of life in the Tennessee mountains, which Alice Barber Stephens has illustrated most successfully. The biography of the number consists of sketches, with portraits, of Mrs. Wayland Hoyt and Mary Hartwell Catherwood. Frank R. Stockton gives two more of "Pomona's" characteristic letters to her old "Rudder Grange" mistress, and Mr. Howells' literary reminiscences, under the title "My Literary Passions," grow in interest and charm. Robert J. Burdette is particularly happy in his "Making a Suburban Home," the editor gives a most interesting review of a new and unique Southern story and the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage writes of "When Things are Against Us." Miss Scovil's paper on "Feeding a Baby in Summer" will be found especially valuable to mothers. Women everywhere will be charmed with Miss Parloa's "House Furnishing in Paris," Cora Scott Waring's "Graceful Lunch Set," Mrs. Mallon's "The Art of Dressing in White," Eliza R. Parker's receipts for "The Apple, the Peach, and the Pear," Miss Hooper's "Styles in Household Linen," the page of "Dainty Luncheons, Tea and Dinner," "Little Summer Belongings," "Up-Stairs and Down-Stairs," "Useful Things Worth Knowing," and Harriet Ogden Morison's exquisite page of "Ecclesiastical Embroidery." Altogether this July issue, with its attractive cover specially designed by W. T. Smedley, and its admirable table of contents, is an ideal woman's magazine and worth many times its price of ten cents. Published by The Curtis Publishing Company, of Philadelphia, for ten cents per number and one dollar per year.

Headache is the direct result of Indigestion and Stomach Disorders. Remedy these by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers and your Headache disappears. The favorite Little Pill everywhere.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

Debs is a Common Enemy.

President Debs, of the American Railway Union, is a common enemy. He is the enemy of labor; he is the enemy of capital; he is the enemy of industry, of commerce, of finance and of trade; he is the enemy of everything that improves the condition of workingmen and that tends to the general prosperity of the country.

He has wantonly and arbitrarily deprived scores of thousands of his followers of their daily labor and their daily bread when they had no dispute whatever with their employers.

By the interruption of trade and traffic he has increased the cost of nearly all the necessaries of life to the workingmen when they are deprived of all sources of income by the strike he has ordered.

He has deprived labor of millions of dollars that would have been paid in wages during the present year by the construction of new railways, which will be halted now by the great uncertainty of the cost of operating them.

He has stopped foreign investment in our railway securities for the time, and probably precipitated the return of many millions of such investments to be paid from our already scant supply of gold, thereby crippling the whole business and industry of the country.

He has halted American investment in industrial enterprises which would give employment to workmen. All such investments are readily hindered by uncertainty, and the disturbance in labor circles is one of the surest methods of stopping investments which would give employment to labor.

He has opened the door for the reduction of wages throughout our entire railway system. The railways have been struggling against most adverse tides during the last year, and many have been compelled to yield to the possession of receivers; but thus far they have almost invariably maintained the wages of their workmen. With a loss of a million dollars a day imposed upon the railways and those interested in their traffic, by a strike that is as costly as it is wicked and revolutionary, the railways will be compelled in the near future to reduce the wages of their employes.

Such is the entertainment to which President Debs, of the American Railway Union, is invitiug his deluded workingmen, and if they shall not soon understand that he is a common enemy of labor and of everything that promotes the interest of labor, they must be strangely indifferent to their own interests as well as to the interests of the whole county.—*Times.*

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Above Everything Else

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery purifies the blood. By this means it reaches, builds up, and invigorates every part of the system. For every blood-taint and disorder, and for every disease that comes from an inactive liver or impure blood, it is the only remedy so sure and effective that it can be guaranteed.

If it fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

These diseases are many. They're different in form, but they're like in treatment. Rouse up the torpid liver into healthful action, thoroughly purify and enrich the blood, and there's a positive cure. The "Discovery" does this, as nothing else can. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness; all Bronchial, Throat, and Lung Affections; every form of Scrofula, even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its earlier stages; and the most stubborn Skin and Scalp Diseases are completely cured by it.

Mild, gentle, soothing and healing is Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Only 50 cents; by druggists.

Small in size, great in results: DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Best pill for Constipation, best for Sick Headache, best for Sour Stomach.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

The Thompsonville *Press* claims that these epitaphs are "curious," in which, no doubt, the reader will agree, but we are not told where they originated:

Regardless of cost and regardless of pains,
This stone is erected to mark the remains
Of wife No. 1 of T. Patrick Malone,
And wife No. 2 helped to pay for the stone.

It was a little burro that Peter used to drive;
There were six little children, but now there's only five;
For Peter teased the burro while playing on a hummock,
And the horrid critter kicked him in the pit of his stomach.

There was a man called Elon Smith,
Who once lived hereabouts.
But he is dead and buried here—
That fact nobody doubts.
He lived a long and checkered life
And left a short and freckled wife.

This is the grave of Orsemus Tate,
Who died on good terms with the church and the state.
They attribute his death to something he ate,
From which he demised at a subsquent date.
Of his virtues his friends delighted to prate,
But his vices his enemies chose to debate.
When Orsemus arrives at the beautiful gate
He will find his name, with the elect, on the slate,
He died at the age of seventy-eight.

Beneath this green grass
Sleeps Annabel Gilder.
She was a fair lass,
But kerosene killed her.

The kindling she soaked
And the oil she ignited.
It was the last fire
Annabel ever lighted.

He was a tailor by trade,
And his habits were loose,
And at forty-two summers
He gave up the goose.

Here lies Jacob Smuggins,
Some thought him a knave;
He lied when alive,
Now he lies in his grave.

A WOMAN'S BACK.

THE MAINSPRING OF HER LIFE.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Few people realize this.

What can she do, where can she go, so long as that dreadful backache saps both strength and ambition?

She cannot walk or stand, her duties are heavy burdens, and she is utterly miserable.

The cause is some derangement of the uterus or womb. Backache is the sure symptom.

For years Sarah Holstein, who lives at 7 Perry Street, in Lowell, Mass., suffered with falling of the womb. The best doctors failed to relieve her, and as a last resort she purchased six bottles of *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound. Now she is a well woman.

The dreadful pain in her back stopped after taking the second bottle. She wishes she had taken it sooner, and saved both money and years of suffering.

This Vegetable Compound is the one unfailing remedy for such troubles. A woman discovered it and gave it to woman.

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg.

The best are the cheapest.

NOW !!!

IS THE TIME TO BUY

Wall Paper

- CHEAP! -

—AT—

W. H. SLATE'S

BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

Exchange Hotel Building,

Bloomsburg, - - - Pa.

Don't Cost anything to look.

IVORY SOAP

99 44/100% PURE

FOR CLOTHES.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CIN'TI.

"FLY-FIEND,"

will positively protect horses and cattle from any annoyance from flies, gnats and insects of every kind, improves appearance of the coat, dispensing with fly-nets. *Recommended by thousands.* Try it and be convinced. Price of "Fly-fiend," including brush, quart cans, $1.00; half-gallon, $1.75; one gallon, $2.50. One gallon will last 2 head of horses or cattle an entire season. Beware of imitations. Address

CRESENT MFG. CO., 2109 INDIANA AVE., PHILA.

6-29-4t. d.

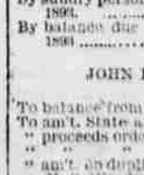
IF AFFICTED WITH CANCER OR TUMORS, WRITE FOR BOOK AND MODE OF TREATMENT TO DR. McMICHAEL, 75 W. TUPPER ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.

6-29-4t. d.

$1000 in money; also other valuable premiums to good guessers. BASE BALL enthusiasts, this is your opportunity. See offer HOME AND COUNTRY MAGAZINE. Price 25c. All Newsdealers; or 53 East 10th St., New York.

6-29-4t. d.

DR. PEFFER'S FEMALE PILLS.



NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS. A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive and painful menstruation. Now used by over 60,000 ladies monthly. Invigorates these organs. Beware of imitations. Name paper. $2. per box, or trial box $1. Sent sealed in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. Sold by Local Druggists. Address: PEFFER MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by C. A. KLEIM and MOYER BROS

STATEMENT OF THE BLOOMSBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 1st, 1894.

Tax rate 3¾ mills for school purposes and 2 mills for building purposes.

M. C. WOODWARD, Collector Dr.

To balance of duplicate 1892		$ 1639 80
Cr.		
By Exonerations duplicate 1892	$ 39 60	
By amount paid Treas.	1000 00	
		1039 60
Balance on duplicate 1892		600 20
		1639 80
M. C. WOODWARD, Collector DR.		
To amount duplicate 1893		10535 06
Cr.		
By 5 per cent. discount on $2079 41 paid in 60 days	103 95	
By 2 per cent. commission amount paid Treas	39 50	
By amount paid Treas	1975 06	
	2118 51	
By am't. paid Treas. in 6 months $ 2000 00		
By 5 per cent. commission am't paid Treas. 100 00		
	2100 00	
By am't. paid Treas. after 6 months	4900 00	
By sundry persons exonerated 1893	84 91	
By balance due on duplicate 1893	1351 61	
		10535 06

JOHN R. TOWNSEND, Treas.

Dr.

To balance from former Treas.	379 21
To am't. State appropriation	4327 65
" proceeds order June '93	295 30
" " " '94	298 50
" am't. on duplicate 1892 from M. C. Woodward, collector	1000 00
To am't. on duplicate 1893 from M. C. Woodward, collector	8875 06
To net proceeds order $1000 1894, 60 days	994 33
To am't. received tuition various persons	87 45
To am't. received text books, &c	25 11
To net proceeds commencement exercises	122 55
To am't. received for supplementary reading	55 00
To am't. received from Co. Treas. Tax	70 95
	16899 84

Cr.

By am't paid coupons and Interest	839 25	
By am't. orders redeemed	12386 51	
By outstanding orders redeemed with interest	1368 86	
By Bond 91 redeemed	300 00	
By order June 1893 redeemed	300 00	
By am't. Treas. Com.	305 89	
By balance in hands of treas.	799 33	
		16899 84

BUILDING FUND ACCOUNT.

Dr.

Balance on duplicate 1892	$ 603 56
To amount of duplicate 1893	3614 93
	$ 4218 49

Cr.

By coupons and interest paid	$ 865 71
" exonerations dup. 1892	14 40
" exonerations dup 1893	39 89
" 5 per cent. discount on am't. collected in 60 days	37 80
By 2 per cent. commission to collector in 60 days	14 36
By collector's commission on am't. collected in 6 months	39 57
By balance on duplicate 1893	491 49
" Treasurer's commission	60 17
" bond redeemed	300 00
" order for interest paid on extended bonds	81 00
By am't. paid School Furniture Co., (furniture) 5th Street	149 80
By am't. paid Moyer & Eshleman, snow brakes and repairs	64 75
By am't. paid Creasy & Wells lumber	85 99
By am't. paid School Furniture Co., furniture, High School	140 60
By am't. paid P. S. Moyer, work and material	21 60
By am't. paid W. M. Kessler, screens, High School	12 80
By am't. paid Richard Ivey, posts	2 80
By am't. paid School Furniture Company, erasers	6 90
By am't. paid John Lewis, slating	1 50
By am't. paid Al. Herbine setting blackboards, &c	4 00
By am't. paid Kesty & Drilleblels, repairs	2 75
By am't. paid A. C. DeShepard, repairs	1 40
By am't. paid Eshleman & Wolf, repairs	9 35
By am't. paid P. S. Moyer, repairs	8 15
By am't. paid W. F. Hartman, repairs	5 53
By am't. paid W. O. Holmes, repairs	51 40
By outstanding orders redeemed	1342 00
By balance on 1892 duplicate	225 59
" balance	399 25
	$ 4218 49

SCHOOL FUND ACCOUNT.

Dr.

To balance on duplicate 1892	$ 1056 24
" am't. duplicate 1893	6940 13
" State appropriations 1893	4327 65
" tuition, various persons	87 25
" proceeds $300.00 order, 30 days, 1894	298 50
To am't. received for books and supplies	25 11
To balance from former treasurer	399 24
To proceeds $300.00 order 90 days, 1893	295 30
To proceeds $1000 order 30 days, 1894	994 33
To am't rec'd supplementary reading	55 00
To tax from county treas	70 85
	$ 14859 60

Cr.

By am't. paid 21 teachers	$ 8400 00
" am't. paid 15 teachers attending institute	148 75
By am't. paid 3 janitors	765 00
" am't. auditor's bill	4 00
" " Geo. E. Elwell, for printing	97 75
By am't. W. H. Brower, carpet and mats	21 31
By am't. W. H. Brower, carpet and mats	4 50
By am't Montour school district for tuition	38 08
By am't. M. P. Lutz & Son, bal. of insurance	21 00
By am't. Mt. Pleasant School District tuition	9 00
By am't. Evan Jones, work	16 12
" " Frank Taylor, "	52 50
" " U. S. School Furnishing Co., slate blackboards	29 03
By amt. Frank Taylor, cleaning 5th St. building	13 50
By amt. Evan C. Jones cleaning 3rd St. building	15 75
By amt. Henry Shipton work 3½ months	100 00
By amt. John Keifer hauling	1 00
" " Jeremiah Saltzer organ	60 00
By amt. Mears Ma'fg. Co. Book cases	15 00
By amt. Bloom Water Co.	6 87
" " U. S. School Fur. Co. slate	18 00
By amt. Davis & co. 1 bbl. Disintectant	20 00
By amt. C. F. Knapp, Insurance	108 00
By amt. N. W. Barton sundries	3 27
Bo amt. C. W. Runyon, sundries	9 40
By amt. Evan Jones, washing towels &c	6 48
By amt. services 3 janitors institute week	15 00
By amt. Jas C. Brown amt. pd. for hauling	1 25
By amt. W. H. Lemon hauling	1 00
By amt. Wm. J. Correll & Co. chairs &c	6 50
By amt. Democratic Sentinel teachers notice	2 00
By amt. Republican printing and cutting paper art instruction	15 00
By am't. A. Z. Schoch, assignee, coal oil	12
By am't. Bloom Water Co	11 66
" " Cleveland Printing and Pub. Co.	9 25
By am't. W. H. Slate supplies	18 01
" " James C. Brown, paper, certificates, &c	7 75
By am't. L. P. Sterner, ribbon, practice paper and oak tag	22 99
By am't. Mt. Pleasant, Low children 1893	8 03
By am't. S. B. Arment, visiting and examining pupils 5th Street	8 00
By am't. Christopher Sower & Co. text books	129 08
By am't. Farmer's Produce Exchange, coal	449 90
By am't. James H. Mercer, text books, tablets, &c	199 17
By am't. Hess Bros. supplies, slates, &c	112 45
By am't. W. H. Brooke & Co. text books, tablets, &c	257 29
By am't. J. A. Moyer, text books, tablets, &c	184 41
By am't. Bloomsburg Gas Co.	12 75
" " J. C. Brown, printing annual statement and register books	46 25
By am't. S. F. Peacock & Co. supplies	18 81
By am't John R. Townsend, freights and hauling	25 93
By amt. Geo. E. Elwell, printing 5000 book labels 3000 book rules	12 75
By amt. Moyer Bros. supplies	54 64
By amt. Wm. E. Rinker, expressage and freight	12 41
By amt. J. R. Schuyler & Co. sundries	2 94
By amt. Ginn & Co., text books	5 00
By amt. W. Beverly Harrison text books	15 00
By amt. Heath & Co. text books	15 03
By amt. Sheldon & Co. text books	49 58
By amt. Phonographic Inst. short hand books	10 08
By amt. B. F. Taylor M'd'se.	1 45
" " W. H. Gilmore Glasses	65
By amt. Secretary's salary	175 00
" " I. W. McKelvy sundries	12 60
By amt. Williams & Rogers text books	17 10
By amt. John R. Townsend, amt. paid for programs	4 50
By amt. various publishers for supplementary reading	55 00
By amt. exoneration, duplicate '93	54 05
By amt. exoneration, 1892	25 20
By amt. 5 per cent. discount on amt. paid within 60 days	66 15
By amt. 2 per cent. commission on amt. paid within 60 days	25 14
By amt. Collectors Commission on amount paid within 6 months	61 67
By amt. balance due on duplicate 1892	869 12
By amt. Treasurers commission	245 72
By amt. bal. on duplicate 1892	394 67
By amt. order June 30, '93, redeemed	300 00
By amt. Balance	398 50
	14359 60

LIBRARY FUND.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND, Treas. Dr.

To net proceeds commencement Exercises	$ 122 55

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS.

Bonds due Jany. 1, 1894	$3400 00
" " " " 1895	3000 00
" " " " 1896	3000 00
" " " " 1897	3000 00
" " " " 1898	3000 00
" " " " 1899	3000 00
" " " " 1900	3000 00
" " " " 1901	3200 00
" " " " 1902	3200 00
" " " " 1903	1000 00
" " " " 1904	1400 00
	32200 00

OTHER INDEBTEDNESS.

2 orders discounted in bank	$ 1300 00
Bills outstanding for text books	1921 32
	3221 32
	25421 32

ASSETS.

Balance on duplicate '92	$ 620 20
" " " '93	1551 61
" " Treas. hands	760 38
" " tuition and books	97 00
	3029 14
Liabilities over assets	22392 18
Estimated value of buildings and furniture	65000 00

WM. E. RINKER, Secretary. JOS. GARRISON, President.

Bloomsburg June 13, 1894.

We the undersighned auditors, having examined the above accounts, statements and vouchers as presented by the Treasurer and Secretary find them correct and approve the same.

J. M. STAYER,
F. M. EVERETT,
ANDREW FRITZ, } Auditors.

EMERSON PIANOS

FOR OVER FORTY YEARS

have enjoyed a high reputation. Brilliant and musical; tone of rare sympathetic quality; beautiful for vocal accompaniment. Durably constructed of finest materials by most skillful workmen. Exceptional in retaining original richness and fullness of tone. Require tuning less often than any other piano. PRICES MODERATE. REASONABLE TERMS.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

60,000

MADE AND IN USE.

EMERSON PIANO COMPANY,

116 Boylston St.,

BOSTON MASS.

Branch Stores { 92 5th Ave. New York. 218 Wabash Ave., Chicago

1-26-6m.

$3,000.00 A YEAR

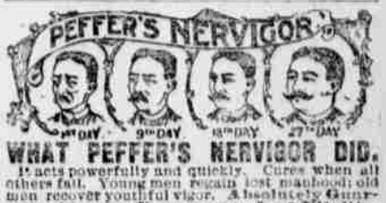
FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.

If you want work that is pleasant and profitable, send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from $5.00 per day to $3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at which they can make that amount. Nothing difficult to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, healthy, and honorable, and can be done during daytime or evenings, right in your own locality, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. We have taught thousands of both sexes and all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the smartest men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employ years ago. You, reader, may do as well; try it. You cannot fail. No capital necessary. We fit you out with something that is new, solid, and sure. A book brimful of advice is free to all. Help yourself by writing for it to-day—not to-morrow. Delays are costly.

E. C. ALLEN & CO.,

Box 420,

AUGUSTA, MAINE.



WHAT PEFFER'S NERVIGOR DID.

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggists impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Positive Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund the Money. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Address PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by C. A. KLEIM and MOYER BROS

R. B. U.

Rochester, (N. Y.) Business University. Summer School. Business and Shorthand Courses. Enter any time. Circulars free to anyone.

Address "Secretary."

6-29-3t.

PAINTING & PAPER HANGING.

WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED,

——Estimates given on Application.——

SHAW & DONAHUE,

Fourth Street. - Bloomsburg, Pa

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
I. J. JAMISON, ASSISTANT EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS.—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.
All communications should be addressed to
THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM M. SINGERLY,
of Philadelphia.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
JOHN S. RILLING,
of Erie.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL,
DAVID F. MAGEE,
of Lancaster.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
W. W. GREENLAND,
of Clarion.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
JOSEPH C. BUCHER,
of Union.
HANNIBAL K. SLOAN,
of Indiana.

The tariff bill passed the Senate by a majority of five. On such occasions it looks as though it would be a mighty strong stimulus if it were possible for the sovereign power to reach Senators as directly as they can Representatives. In that case there would have been more than five Senators voting in accordance with popular wish, no doubt. The claim that we have popular government will continue to be all bosh until the sovereign power can reach the austere and dignified U. S. Senator.

George M. Pullman now occupies his cottage at Long Branch. He talks freely about the strikers and boycotters. He says arbitration is impossible under the circumstances and no compromising conference is likely to be held. As to wages paid by him, he says he acts upon business principles, fully realizing that the aggregate cost of a piece of work must not exceed its selling price; and that a continuous violation of this rule must wreck the Pullman shops, or any other shop, and permanently stop all work of its employees.

If we are anything of a prophet as to future political events then we should say that the outcome of all this strife between capital and labor will be the creation of a third party in which the Peffer Populist and the Coxey Commonwealer will be happily affiliated and combined in the hope of boodle if not of victory. In a square fight between capital and labor the Republican party would be apt to suffer most, because of its greater sympathy with all that pertains to the perpetuation of protected industries, and consequent fabulous wealth in the hands of a few.

Some one with less patriotic prudence than mistaken political policy offered recently in the New York Constitutional Convention the following resolution. He did it, no doubt, by way of encouragement to those who have been destroying railroad property and the freight, baggage and express of the people at large:

Resolved, That we, the representatives of the people of the State of New York in Constitutional Convention assembled, view with alarm the extraordinary and arbitrary action of the National Government (in connection with the western strike) and condemn it as fraught with peril to the peace and happiness of the Republic, subversive of the rights, privileges and liberties of the citizens; and as an exercise of national powers not authorized or implied by the Constitution of the United States or the laws thereof."

Instead of approval the proposition met with overwhelming defeat, as it deserved.

The Goulds can raise considerable money when necessity requires it, but they could not get quite wind enough in the sails of their fine yacht, the Vigilant, to beat the Britannia in European waters in the recent race. The race course covered 50 miles, and the English boat got home 35 seconds ahead of Mr. Goulds fast boat. Just previous to this great contest two other celebrated racers took a glide upon the Clyde; but the Satanita cut it short, it seems, by cutting down the Valkyrie. The latter boat, which no doubt cost the sporting fraternity an odd penny or two, went to the bottom of the Clyde, in 14 fathoms of water, in just about five minutes after she was struck. It is hard to tell just what Mr. Gould thinks about it; but it is quite probable the matter will perplex the young man considerably more than it would have bothered his father, whose chief delight was in making more money than he spent.

PROPHETIC DARKNESS.

He is a wise political prophet, indeed, who, in the face all the unsettling political and commercial influences now being exerted will presume to say for a dead certainty just which of the old parties will elect the next President. Such a general political, commercial and financial disruption has never before come under the observation of the writer, at least. As to the fight between labor and capital, we think we may fairly conclude that the Republican party is capital's representative, and, having fostered and built up our rather extravagant railroad system it will suffer most from offended and crushed wage-earners. As to the position of the Democratic administration in using the strong military arm of Government to quell mob violence, as in duty bound, for the protection of the property and rights of Pullman, the people and the railroads engaging his cars, she, too, must prove grossly offensive to arbitrary wage-earners and strikers. But should some independent party arise in consequence of the universally disturbed political and commercial conditions, the doubt and darkness as to the party likely to cast the majority of votes for President must be only the more difficult to penetrate and solve in advance of election.

Had there been no disturbing influences brought to bear, except such as the Republican party sought and could easily control to its advantage, the question would have solved itself and the Republican party would have had little or nothing in its way to success because of the general distress and hard times. But, in the language of Shakespeare, there seems, indeed, to be "a destiny that shapes our ends, rough hew it how we may." And to further quote the poets, we might add in this connection, and apply it to the craftiness of Republican effort, "the best laid plans of mice and men gang aft agley." Therefore, for one, we cannot presume to guess which party will elect the next President. Under the unusual and complex circumstances we prefer leaving the important matter of high betting and positive assertion to political prophets proper. They will no doubt soon materialize in full force and with plenty of money to bet on our bleeding country after telling us as usual in advance just which political party will surmount all our financial and commercial embarrasments and run our glorious ship of State into safe harbor before she sinks forever out of sight. It is well to remember that we have patriotic prophets of that kind alive and kicking to-day.

MOB VIOLENCE IN THE WEST.

Two Hundred and Twenty-five Freight Cars Burned by the Frenzied Strikers in Chicago.

Reports from Chicago confirm the alarming condition of affairs in that vicinity and along the line of the Pan Handle Railroad tracks. For a distance of about one mile the torch was applied to railroad property. Cars loaded with valuable freight were ignited by waste saturated with oil. Not only this, but switches were torn up and all manner of injury perpetrated that a reckless spirit of revenge could conceive of. The bunches of waste stolen from switchmen's shanties and soaked in oil made excellent torches. The seals of locked cars were broken, the doors slid back, a bunch of burning waste thrown inside, and the contents of the car, whether valuable or not, was soon consumed by the fire. Many of the cars fired were loaded with coal which when ignited, emitted a great heat. The meat, with which fifteen cars were loaded, no doubt intended for the eastern market, was also roasted too much to suit those who prefer it rare. No water could be obtained along the line of their incendiarism and consequently the fired property was all consumed.

To the credit of Americans it must be said the leaders of the mob were mostly foreigners. In their violent acts policemen were kicked and beaten by strikers, and strikers were sorely beaten by the police.

As to Federal troops, Mayor Hopkins said "they sit on top of cars: we want men who will get down upon the ground and do their duty."

As yet there is no disposition on the part of the companies to compromise, nor is there likely to be at the rate the reckless strikers are moving things.

Western agents are now in the east securing men who struck themselves out from the Lehigh Valley Company. They are engaged at $4 per day to take the places of the western strikers. Twenty engineers left Wilkes Barre on the 6th to replace the western strikers. They are offered $150 per month, with work guaranteed for five years.

The Federal Government is determined to enforce the injunctions of the United States courts, and to preserve the peace and protect the lives and property of individuals as she is in duty bound.

T. F. Anthony, Ex-Postmaster of Promise City, Iowa, says: "I bought one bottle of 'Mystic Cure,' for Rheumatism and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took." Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

Chicago Rioters and the President's Proclamation.

The Illinois Militia found it necessary last Saturday to disperse the mob by firing into them. Many of them went down at the first fire; but just how many cannot be fully determined, because of the number that was carried away as either dead or wounded. A deadly volley was poured into them for persisting in the destruction of railroad property. It is thought that at least a dozen of the strikers were killed outright, while many received wounds which may prove fatal.

The trouble was begun by the mob. It was determined to burn the roundhouse of the Grand Trunk Railroad which was guarded by the State troops. Though the troops here dispersed them they rallied again at an other point and commenced to up set freight cars and tear up the tracks, &c. Here a squad of police drove them off. The mob again rallied for mischief and destruction on Forty ninth street, where a part of them engaged the attention of the militia and the deputies while others ran freight cars into the pit of a turn-table. The men who attempted to remove their obstructions were set upon by a howling mob. It finally made a rush at the troops and fired a volley at them and the deputies. The troops resented the assault by letting them have a storm of bullets and the rioters fell right and left in utter dismay.

The great strike and all the turmoil in consequence is now denominated a deliberate conspiracy on the part of the leaders of the various labor organizations. The names of both Powderly and Coxey are associated with the scheme of a general strike which was planned long before it actually materialized. It dates back to the day when Powderly was deposed from his office as leader of the confederated labor unions, though it has not transpired just in accordance with the original plan. The plan was laid for a general strike a month after the labor Convention which ousted Powderly from the office of General Master Workman, it seems. Anticipating it, extra assessment was both levied and collected from members of the various labor unions. Coxey was to tramp on ahead and the knights of labor, 5,000 strong, were to bring up, the rear, but close enough to reach Washington simultaneously with the western commonwealers. Eugene V. Debs was taken into the scheme and he at once assumed the leadership from which Powderly had been deposed. But as the best laid plans oft go astray, so it was in this case, so far as any hope of uttimate benefit to organized labor is concerned. The battle against Pullman was incidental rather than premeditated however. The internal strife and jealousy existing between labor unions seems to have unwittingly and unintentionally culminated in its most aggravated and unreasonable form against Mr. Pullman whose history is that of a most considerate and reasonable employer in all his past dealings with wage-earners.

PRESIDENTIAL PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, By reason of unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages of persons, it has become impracticable in the judgement of the President to enforce by the ordinary course of judical proceedings the laws of the United States within the State of Illinois, and especially in Chicago, within said State; and,

WHEREAS, For the purpose of enforcing the faithful execution of the laws of the United States and protecting its property and removing obstructions to the United States mails in the State and city aforesaid, the President has employed a part of the military forces of the United States;

Now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby admonish all good citizens and all persons who may be or may come within the city and State aforesaid, against aiding, countenancing, encouraging or taking any part in such unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages; and I hereby warn all persons engaged in or in any way connected with such unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes on or before twelve o'clock noon, on the ninth day of July instant.

Those who disregard this warning and persist in taking part with a riotous mob in forcibly resisting and obstructing the execution of the laws of the United States, or intertering with the functions of the government, or destroying or attempting to destroy the property belonging to the United States or under its protection, cannot be regarded otherwise than as public enemies.

Troops employed against such a riotous mob will act with all the moderation and forbearance consistent with the accomplishment of the desired end; but the necessities that confront them will not with certainty permit discrimination between guilty participants and those who are mingled with them from curiosity and without criminal intent. The only safe course therefore for those not actually unlawfully participating is to abide at their homes, or at least not to be found in the neighborhood of riotous assemblages.

While there will be no hesitation or vacillation in the decisive treatment of the guilty, this warning is especially intended to protect and save the innocent.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be hereto affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this eight day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety four, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundredth and eighteenth.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President,
W. Q. GRESHAM,
Secretary of State.

For instance, Mrs. Chas. Rogers, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. Its a wonderful good salve for burns, bruises, sores, and a sure cure for Piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cts. Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

The following persons announce themselves as candidates for the offices named, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR CONGRESS,
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR STATE SENATOR, (24th District,)
J. HENRY COCHRAN,
of Lycoming County.

FOR SHERIFF,
J. W. HOFFMAN,
of Orange township.

FOR SHERIFF,
J. B. McHENRY,
of Benton.

FOR SHERIFF,
W. W. BLACK,
of Greenwood Township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
of Catawissa township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
WM. T. CREASY,
of Catawissa township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
ANDREW L. FRITZ,
(North Side.)

FOR SHERIFF,
G. W. HIRLEMAN,
of Benton.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Cyrus J. Heller, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county will sit at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Monday, August 13th, 1894, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of distributing fund in the hands of T. M. Wintersteen, one of the administrators, as shown by his first and final account, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

7-13-ta. WM. CHRISMAN, Auditor.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla is carefully prepared by experienced pharmacists from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well known vegetable remedies. The Combination, Proportion and Process are Peculiar to Hood's Sarsaparilla, giving it strength and curative power Peculiar to Itself, not possessed by other medicines. Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Sores, Boils, Pimples and all other affections caused by impure blood; Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints. It is Not What we Say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla Does, that Tells the Story — Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills are gentle, mild and effective.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR, AND HATTER.

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

DO YOU NEED ANY?

You must not forget we are closing out all of our summer goods now at prices away down. Don't think because it is cool now we will not have any more hot weather. Hicks says the latter part of July will bring us hotter weather than ever. Better be prepared for it.

HAVE YOU EVER SEEN OUR SHOES?

All sizes from $5.50, $4.50, etc., all to $1.25. Another lot at $1.00. It will pay you to examine them. Ladies' Oxford Ties we are selling at $1.00; they were $1.50. Misses' are now 80c.; they were $1.00. Best made and will give satisfaction.

Grocery Department.

We have just unloaded a car load of salt, and have it in all grades and sizes of bags, *extremely* cheap. It will pay you to examine it and prices before you buy. Don't forget we carry a full line of dishes and glassware, glasses all prices and designs very neat. We also carry a full line of groceries too numerous to mention, for picnics and hot weather, to prevent cooking.

Pursel & Harman,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Snyder & Magee Co. Lim.

4th and Market Sts. Bloomsburg, Pa.

We are the leaders in prices and quality. Our aim is to give you the best values for your money.

Here are some of our leaders for this week:

DRY GOODS.

China and pongee silks,	29c.
Ladies' lawn wrappers,	65c. each.
Shirt waists,	65c. each.
New striped and figured organdies,	12½c. a yard.
White and colored batiste,	5c. a yard.

GROCERIES.

French peas,	two cans 25c.
California peaches,	15c. a can.
California honey,	3 lbs. for 25c.
Catsup,	3 bottles for 25c.
Pickled pork,	3 lbs. for 25c.
Water crackers,	4 lbs. for 25c.

Have you tried our 25c. tea? It is equal to any 60c. tea purchased elsewhere.

Mason's quart jars, guaranteed first quality, with porcelain lined caps, 42c. per dozen.

Call early, they sell rapidly.

Snyder & Magee Co., Limited,

FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Finest and a very large variety of negligee shirts at I. Maier's.

Having the smallest expense is why clothing can be bought the cheapest at I. Maier's.

Washington Camp, P. O. S. of A., of Bloomsburg will go on an excursion to Mountain Park on the 4th of August.

During the storm of Friday evening lightning struck the Lutheran church at Buckhorn, Pa., damaging it to the extent of about $100.

The third pier at the bridge is nearly completed, and one span of the iron work is completed, and part of the second.

The cool weather of this week has not driven many people to the seashore or the mountains. It is cool enough at home.

The corn salve sold by J. B. Russell at Cameron's barber shop, is highly recommended by all who have used it. Ask for references.

The Moyer and Peacock building is going up rapidly. It is of pressed brick, and will be one of the finest blocks in town.

Casey & Galignan erected the new awning in front of Snyder & Magee's store. It has a corrugated iron covering.

A satisfied customer is a permanent one. That's why we recommend DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure Constipation, Indigestion and Biliousness.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

There were 27 wagons in market on Tuesday morning. Among them was that expert truckman E. C. Bundy, with almost everthing in the vegetable line that grows in the ground.

The male choir of the Y. M. C. A., under direction of Mr. Fred Hartman, will conduct a song service at half-past two next Sunday afternoon in the Reformed church. All are invited to this pleasant means of praise and worship.

During the prevalence of the storm on Friday evening last lightning traversed the telegraph wire which crosses the B. & S. railroad on Main street, and, coming in contact with some obstructing article, a sharp concussion followed quite as loud as that of a cannon. It startled the residents but did no damage that we could learn.

Prof. F. E. Wood, the proprietor of Wood's Business College at Scranton, is making some important changes in the College and faculty. New teachers who are more familiar with the modern methods of Commercial work and new appliances in the line of appointments, will be added to the institution. The College is now the most successful Business School between Chicago and Boston.

Mr. E. W. Traub, who was at college, is at home recuperating his health and will spend the summer as a colporter for the American Tract Society. He has a large supply of Tracts, Booklets and larger books, very interesting and beautiful. Any one needing anything in that line will help a deserving young man and themselves, too, by calling on him at his home on East St., just below the Railroad, where he will be glad to show you anything he may have in stock.

No Griping, no Nausea, no Pain, when DeWitt's Little Early Risers are taken. Small Pill. Safe Pill. Best Pill. —W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

Perfect fitting merchant tailoring done at I. Maier's.

E. J. Brown's team ran away with the sprinkler on Monday, but as it was full of water it was a heavy load to pull, and but little damage was done.

The latest attraction in the show window of Gidding & Co., the clothiers, is a Sea Serpent which was captured off the coast of Maine.

All the talk in the world will not convince you so quickly as one trial of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for Scalds. Burns, Bruises, Skin Affections and Piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

As to the paper-wood recently destroyed near Jonestown by some one with malice aforethought, we have learned since that it belonged to Mr. Whitenight and not to Mr. Lauderbaugh, as we printed it through mistake. We are informed that there was about $400 worth of paper-wood thus maliciously destroyed.

O. B. Melick Gets the Contract.

In examining the bids received in the Commissioners' office, on Tuesday, as per advertisement for filling the approaches to the river bridge and riprapping the piers, the following names and amounts were considered.

Wm. Ferguson offered to riprap pier No. 1 for 50 cents per cubic yard; No. 2 for 75 cts. No. 3 for $1; No 4 for $1; No. 5 for 75 cents. Also to fill approaches on north side for 50 cts., and on south side for 40 cts.

For filling and riprapping, per cubic yard, the following bids were also received:

D. A. Hall	75 cts.
Bart. Shaffer	65 "
Fairmant & Berger	95 "
Samuel Neyhard	59 "
O. B. Melick	54 "

Mr. Melick was awarded the contract and ordered to begin work at once.

K. G. E. Excursion, from Catawissa and elsewhere, to Eaglesmere.

The committee having in charge the arrangements for the excursion under the auspices of the above society, announces Thursday, July 19th inst., as the date, and Eaglesmere, Sullivan county's beautiful summer resort, as the destination.

The train will leave Catawissa on the Philadelphia & Reading R. R. at 6:30 a. m., stopping at Bloomsburg, Rupert, Danville and Milton.

The fare for the round trip from Catawissa and Bloomsburg is $1.35, children 75c; from Danville, $1.25, children 70c., and from Milton, $1.10, children 60c.

Returning, the train will leave Eaglesmere in the evening. Those who desire hotel accommodations will be taken direct to the Lake.

The lake affords unsurpassing facilities for bathing, boating and fishing, and abounds in magnificent scenery. It will be one of the most enjoyable excursions of the season and the rate is within reach of all. Make arrangements to go along. Bear in mind the date, Thursday, July 19th.

Tickets may be procured (in Bloomsburg) at Slate's book-store, or of J. W. Moyer.

Notice.

On account of securing so many new customers, I am unable to reach Bloomsburg before the middle of July.

2t. JULIUS LINDEGREN.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Money to Loan.

$400 on first lien security. Inquire at this office. tf.

Argument Court.

Court convened Tuesday morning pursuant to adjournment, with President Judge E. R. Ikeler and Associates C. G. Murphy and M. Millard on the bench.

Matilda Hendershott vs. Chas. H. Hendershott. Subpœna in divorce awarded.

Petition of John M. Clark, assignee of Wm. Neal, to join in making deed to Martin Geiger. Prayer granted.

Report of examiner and commissioner in the matter of the division of school property of Catawissa township filed and confirmed nisi.

Horace Supplee appointed guardian of Fred A., Harriet and James S., minor children of Lydia A. Hartman, deceased.

Lydia J. Frett vs. Michael Frett. Subpœna in divorce awarded.

Adoption of Norman Haplinger by Alfred Mourey, decreed.

Adoption of Ralph Jones by Jeremiah Kisler, decreed.

Wm. Gingles vs. Valentine Welliver et al. Judgment in open court for want of an appearance.

Horace Supplee appointed guardian of Iantha, a minor child of Alexander Carr, deceased.

Samuel Neyard, Wilson Yeager and M. B Hetler appointed viewers for a road in Catawissa township near N. & W. B. Ry. Co. station. This is for the purpose of changing the road as at present determined upon for driving on the new river bridge from the South Side. The bridge as constructed makes the wagon road a grade crossing with the Penn'a. Railroad.

Joseph W. Eves, Michael Hawk and Bigler Eyer appointed viewers for a road in Pine township near Geo. Holdren's.

Estate of B. F. Savits, dec'd. On motion of R. R. Little, Esq., it is ordered that the confirmation of the report of auditor in said estate be stricken off and that the said report be referred to said auditor for further hearing and presentation of such claims as may be presented to him.

Deed from John Mourey, Sheriff, to Geo. L Reagan for property of S. W. Adams, consideration $2037.89, acknowledged.

Hotel license of Clark S. Taylor transferred to Joseph Reinard, at Eyersgrove.

A. J. Ikeler's Ex. vs. B. & S. R. R. Co. Petition to strike off satisfaction as to costs, &c.

D. R. Coffman, Thos. Jones, Wm. Deitterick, Howard Welliver and Jacob Knouse appointed special policemen for Benton on the 4th.

Adjourned to August 15th.

BICYCLES FOR RENT.

Bicycles of every description for rent by the day or hour. Prices moderate, at

MEARS' BICYCLE LIVERY,
Fifth Street.

"There is a Salve for every wound." We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve; cures burns, bruises, cuts, indolent sores, as a local application in the nostrils it cures catarrh, and always cures piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

The regular July meeting of the Town Council was held at usual place last Thursday night with President F. P. Drinker and members Stephen Knorr, Isaac Yost and C. B. Sterling present.

Minutes of last regular and specia meetings read and approved.

A petition signed by a number of property holders on East First street was presented asking that the sewer be extended up said street east of Iron.

On motion the consideration of this matter was laid over until next meeting.

An ordinance was read and duly passed prohibiting the riding of bicycles upon any pavement or sidewalk within the Town limits. For violation of this ordinance the one so offending shall be fined not more than $5 or less than $2 and costs for the first offense, and not more than $10 or less than $5 and costs for the second offense.

Permits were granted as follows: To A. J. Evans for frame laundry on Iron street below Second. To Wm. Ferguson for brick house on lower side of Market street below the D. L. & W. railroad.

Jacob Dieffenbach appeared and entered complaint as to the condition of outhouses on the Waller properties near Tenth street. No formal report having been made by the Sanitary Committee or Board of Health, the matter was laid over for the present.

The following bills were presented and the Secretary directed to issue orders for the various amounts:

G. E. Elwell, publishing ord...	$ 4.75
Steam Heat Co., for May.....	9.32
Stephen Knorr, for repairs, &c.	5.45
Gas Co. December to June.....	22.65
W. H. Crossley, repairs to hose carriage.....	1.00
M. C. Woodward, for March, April and June.....	17.51
R. H. Ringler, Secretary.	20.00
Regular monthly pay, 5 policemen.....	60.00

The game of base ball on Wednesday afternoon between the Lawyers and Merchants of Bloomsburg is reported as a very lopsided affair in which the Lawyers, being weighed in the balance, were found wanting. The legal fraternity can run for office better than they can run for base.

We have heard of boneless cod and skinless cod, but the "pense cod" to which Mayor Drinker refers in the *Daily*, of the 9th inst., is not as yet within our vocabulary. Still we agree with the Mayor that curb-stone market-men ought not to drop this kind of cod around in the gutters.

Mr. Bedal, not the author of Bloomsburg's celebrated Golden medical discovery, but the Rev. Bedal, of Persia, is now a zealous convert to Christianity; and, having graduated from the Drew Theological Seminary, he will return as a missionary to Persia to prove by occular demonstration the superiority of Christianity as compared with idolatry and the barbarous practices of heathens.

We can remember a time in the history of this proud Republic when what the Governor of North Carolina said to the Governor of South Carolina was considered of national importance. But in the evolutions of time the remarks of one Governor to another, whether praise worthy or condemnatory, are as nothing compared with what our modern Governors now persume to say to the President of the United States.

Innovations, like wonders, never cease in this progressive age. And now that the whole earth wears an electrical belt, whether innovations be tried or desirable light be discovered, all light worthy of being utilized for the common good is very soon transmitted all along the whole electrical line. To reflect upon the darkness and inconveniences of the past, as compared with the light and conveniences of the present, is, as we can but fancy, the most pleasureable pastime of the aged. Having out lived their usefulness in the business activities of life they are thus left entirely to their own reflections while waiting, only waiting, for the higher life to come. With memories brightest and clearest upon youthful reminiscences, how many pleasing moments may be passed in making comparisons of the past with the present and building upon God's promises for the future.

Imitation.

Have you ever noticed the airs the young girl of 10 to 12 gives herself? Her dresses are cut to fall about half way between the knee and ankle, or say to the shoe tops. Yet your little miss when she crosses the streets on a muddy day daintly grasps a handful of her skirts and swings them around like her older sister, even if they do not come within a foot of contact with mud. It is a curious freak of girlhood to be compared to the boy stroking the mustash place, years before the cuticle is fuzz covered.—*Mount Carmel Item.*

An Editor of Many Accomplishments.

It takes a hustler for the newspaper business in this locality just now, but the "*Bugle*" is equal to the emergency. We can write a poem, discuss the tariff, umpire a ball game, report a wedding, saw wood, beat a lawyer, describe a fire so that the readers will shed their wraps, make a dollar do the work of ten, shine at a soiree, address a horticultural society, measure calico, abuse the liquor habit, test whisky, subscribe to charity, go without meals, attack free silver, defend bimetallism, sneer at snobbery, wear diamonds, invent advertisements, overlook scandal, praise babies, delight pumpkin raisers, minister to the afflicted, heal the disgruntled, fight to a finish, set type, mold opinion, sweep the office, praise the widows, run for office, speak at prayer-meeting, and stand in with everybody and everything. If you don't see what you want ask for it.—*Tamaroa Bugle.*

BOOK BINDING.

Bring your Magic City, Dream City, or any other World's Fair pictures to this office, and have them handsomely bound for one dollar. Orders taken for all kinds of book-binding. Bring your books here, or leave order and they will be called for and delivered. Our work is done by the Sunbury Bindery, and it costs no more to order from us than direct from the Bindery. tf

Fruit culture is more profitable to the farmer now than his other crops. Brown, Bros. Co., the most extensive nursery house in the U. S., have a vacancy in this section. Write them at Rochester, N. Y., for their terms. 4-6-3m.

J. R. Townsend is the leading Merchant Tailor of Columbia county. See his advertisement on fourth page. tf.

FARMERS' HOTEL,
Iron Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

First-class accommodations for regular and transient boarders. Good stable attached.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system.

7-13-tf—N. & C.C.

6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50

$6.50

That's the price we've made on $10.00 all wool men's suits. You'll wonder how we can sell them at such figures; but you know the reason. We do not carry over any goods from season to season, and we're both gainers by the transaction. **YOU,** because you buy at a saving of from 25 to 33 per cent., and **WE** turn our goods into cash.

Saturday will see many new $10.00 suits on our tables, all at $6.50.

Boys' knee pants suits, two pants, coat and hat to match, at $2.75; formerly sold at $3.50.

We have taken a number of our $1.90 and $2.50 knee pants suits and put them in at $1.48. They'll be on our tables on Saturday at those figures.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.,
Clothiers,
BLOOMSBURG, - PA.

6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING, or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door aoove Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

Fashionable Livery.

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

tf W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor

One word describes it—"perfection." We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve; cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

Boarding

And furnished rooms to rent on Main street. Steam, gas, hot and cold water and bath. Apply to Mrs. M. M. Phillips, at Phillips' Cafe. tf

Ladies and gentlemen, why do you suffer with Corns or Bunions on your feet when you can be relieved by using the world renounced Corn Ease? It contains no poison and gives no pain. For sale by J. B. Russell at Glasco Cameron's tonsorial Parlors. If not satisfied with the result, money refunded. 6-15-2m.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by W. S. Rishton. 6-15-1y.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Kabo High Bust Corset.

Popular with all who desire perfection in shape. Dressmakers prefer them because they secure a perfect fit. Many advantages. Here are a few:

Exquisitely long tapering waist.
Boned with unbreakable Kabo—no dissatisfaction.
Made with soft loop eyelets—no breaking of corset laces or discoloring of undergarments.
In all materials. Prices $1.00, $1.25 and $2.00.

For sale by Pursell & Harman.

—THE—

Nerve Tonic.

Meredith's Celery with Pepsin Bitters, is Non-Alcoholic. It is a true Nerve Tonic, an active Alterative, a reliable Laxative and Diuretic. It restores Strength, renews Vitality, Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels. Price $1.00 per bottle at all druggists and groceries. If they don't have it, write to

G. W. Meredith & Co.,

Pittsburg, Pa., and they will see that you get it.

Sept. 8, 17yr.

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE,
EASTON, PENNA.

Seven Courses in Art, Philosophy and Science, Civil, Mining, Electrical Engineering and Chemistry.

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT, JUNE 20TH.
Fall Term begins Sept. 13th.
For Catalogues address
THE REGISTRAR, Easton, Penna.

DO YOU WANT BICYCLE SUNDRIES?

We have 'em.

Lanterns, bells, luggage carriers, stands, mud guards, trouser-guards, repair-kits, cement, enamel, oil, chain-lubricant, etc.

DO YOU WANT A BICYCLE?

We can furnish them.

Cleveland, Rochester, Lovell and Binghamton. From $15 to $150.

W. S. RISHTON, | AGENT FOR COLUMBIA COUNTY, **Opposite Post Office.**

A LION TAMER.

He Considers the Bear the most Dangerous Animal to Handle.

Before his departure for Europe, I became quite well acquainted with William Philadelphia, and found him a cheery, light-hearted little man, as unpretentious as possible, and yet able to explain the mysteries of his art more clearly than any trainer I have met. And, indeed, he ought to have some special knowledge of tigers and lions, for he was born thirty-nine years ago in a small menagerie owned by his father, and has been training wild beasts all his life. Not only was his father a showman before him, but both his grandmothers were showwomen, the one making much money by exhibiting through Europe a black man brought from Africa, and the other doing equally well with a trained walrus in Russia.

Philadelphia's great-grandfather was a resident of Philadelphia, where he lived until middle life. His name was Jacob Meyer, and he was a Jew. Having emigrated to Germany, to establish himself in business, he found it prudent to change his name on account of the prejudice against his race and he called himself Herr Philadelphia in memory of the city which had been his home. So it comes that Germany's most daring lion-tamer has a strain of American blood in his veins, although he speaks but little English.

Philadelphia's body is covered with scars, great and small, made by the claws and teeth of numberless wild beasts. He met with his first serious accident in Odessa at the age of twenty, when a Russian bear bit him twice on the left leg, the first time gouging out a big piece from the fleshy part of the thigh, and the second nearly biting away his knee. The cords and muscles were so injured as to cause a permanent stiffness in the joint and recurring twinges of pain at certain changes in the weather.

Philadelphia was three months in the hospital after this experience, and then was three months on crutches. At another time, when he was only seventeen, a Russian bear held him by the throat for five minutes, while another bear fastened his fangs in his forearm. Although he has been bitten and scratched by almost every species of wild animal, he considers the bear much the most dangerous beast to train, and this because of its superior intelligence.

"Why," he said, "if you whip a bear he will remember it forever and get square with you some day."—Cleveland Moffett in McClure's Magazine.

Her First Dinner.

"Charlie," said the young wife tenderly, as she kissed him good-by, preparatory to his going downtown, "the cook is taking a holiday to-day and the dinner you will get when you come home will be entirely of my own cooking. It will be my first, Charlie, and won't it be lovey?"

She twittered softly at the thought, and Charles turned his face away so she could not see the lines upon it, for he loved this wife of his, and would not for worlds do or say aught to wound her feelings.

"Delightful," he responded, stroking her sunlit hair; "and I'll bring those good friends of ours, the pastor and the physician, along to be with us."

"Oh, Charlie," she exclaimed, "don't bring them; bring some of the young fellows."

"I'd rather have them," he said.

"Now, dear," she pouted, "why not do as I want you to do? Why do you want them?"

Charles hesitated a moment, and then took her hands in his own caressingly.

"Because, sweetheart," he explained, "this is your first effort, and I'd feel so much easier in my mind if they were both here."—Detroit Free Press.

The Thirteen Superstition.

The inevitable thirteen superstition came up in a company of which I was one the other day. In my own experience that foolish superstition has been knocked out so often that I rather enjoy sitting down to dinner with thirteen. Once I sat at table with Sir Arthur Sullivan, the composer, as host. There were thirteen covers, it was the 13th of May and the occasion was the thirteenth performance of Sullivan and Gilbert's "Iolanthe." Of course nothing came of it. Another time I dined with the Thursday Club, of Philadelphia, at a roadside inn on the Wissahickon. It was discovered that there were thirteen at table, and, one of the party being superstitious, the landlord was asked to come in and make the fourteenth. He did so, and the result was that he and not one of the thirteen died before the year was out. This is the nearest I ever came to having a verification of the superstition within my observation.—Major Handy in Chicago Inter-Ocean.

An Odd Crusade.

Mrs. Annie Besant's eloquence and sincerity have produced something like a revival of Hindooism wherever she has gone in India—a revival upon the ancient basis rather than on the modern principles now generally adopted by Hindoo reformers themselves. The Christian missionaries are girding on their armor against this perfervid protest in favor of Eastern as against Western forms of faith. "I plead to you for your old faith," runs one of the quotations from her preaching. "Be not ashamed of the ancient worship. Be not recreant to the ancient faith." It is by such appeals to the national sentiment that most great movements have been initiated. By her eloquent use of them Mrs. Besant has succeeded in stirring the hearts of her audiences to depths never reached by a Western propagandist in India.—London Times.

An Odd Regiment.

In the Russian army there is one particular regiment of infantry of the guards, formed by Emperor Paul, the men of which are recruited not so much with regard to their height or the color of their hair and complexion as to the shape of their noses. Emperor Paul has a typical Kalmuk nose of the most excruciatingly uptilted pattern, and since then, out of compliment to him, all the officers and men of this particular regiment have noses of the same shape, the sight which they present on parade being somewhat startling.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Always cut onions, turnips and carrots across the fibre.

To paper a wall that has been whitewashed, rub the walls down first with a cloth wet in strong vinegar or saleratus.

The seeds of dates may be removed and replaced by freshly roasted peanuts, shelled and skinned. The date should then be dusted with pulverized sugar.

To cut fresh bread so that it may be presentable when served, heat the blade of the bread knife by laying first one side and then the other across the hot stove.

In hand sewing, if the work is stiff and hard, rubbing soap on one's needles and fingers will be found helpful. A thin-edged piece of white soap is much better than chalk for making fine lines on cloth to cut by.

In putting away woollens for the season, there should always be kept out an extra blanket for each bed, and some flannel for each person in case of cold, rainy weather or illness.

Fine lace, if it is torn, should be mended before sending to be cleaned; if you do not know the lace stitch simply darn with very fine thread in meshes about the same as those in the lace.

A few drops of ammonia added to peroxide of hydrogen is what gives the golden color to the hair. Without the ammonia one or two applications of the bleach, to brown hair imparts a reddish bronze tint to it.

If you want to test your water pipes to see if there is any trace of lead in the water you are using, put a few drops of the tincture of cochineal in a dish of the water. If there is a trace of lead the water will turn blue.

When earthen pudding and pie dishes get brown and unsightly from the juices and grease of many bakings scour them with ashes from the grate, mixed with a little good soap. They will come out as fresh as new.

Dark stains may be removed from silver by rubbing them with a soft linen cloth dipped in sulphuric acid, then brightening with some good silver powder. The use of a brush should be avoided as much as possible in cleaning silver, only soft cloth and chamois skin being employed, as these do not wear the silver as a brush does.

With cake or bread in the oven don't slam the oven door or walk heavily about the kitchen while it is baking. A fine cake will be irretrievably ruined by a slight jar at a certain stage of its baking, and one of the most prolific sources of bad bread is an utter ignorance of how to handle it when it is in the oven.

Ink spots on marble may be removed with a paste made by dissolving an ounce of oxalic acid and a half an ounce of butter of antimony in a pint of rain water, and adding sufficient flour to form a thin paste. Apply to the stains with a brush, allow it to remain three or four days and then wash it off. Make a second application, if necessary.

If any housewife discovers that the milk has "turned" a little, and there is no opportunity to obtain more before the meal, stir a tiny bit of soda in it, and it will answer every purpose. Now don't go trying to sweeten "clabber" that way and think that it can be made to serve as cream for the coffee, for you can't make it do any such thing.

A stopper for a bottle of acid or any substance that will naturally call for a glass stopper, because of the danger that the cork one would be eaten up by the contents of the bottle, can be made by steeping it in vaseline. It will then be impervious to acids of any kind, and no action of chemicals will decay it. It will, in fact, be as good for all purposes as a glass stopper.

Oil in a lamp should not be allowed to get down to less than one-half the depth of the reservoir. The wick should be soft and completely fill the space for it, but without crowding. A lamp should be neither suddenly cooled nor exposed to the draught. In extinguishing the flame the wick should first be turned far down and then a sharp, quick puff blown across and not straight down upon the flame.

For black kid gloves that look shabby and white where the coloring has worn off, rub them with a little liquid shoe polish. It will not rub off on your clothing after it is dry, and may be renewed as often as you like. If perfectly new black gloves pull at the seams, touch the spots with a tiny bit of black paint such as comes in the little tubes. Part of the outfit of a glove counter, is a case of assorted colors of oil paint tubes for that purpose.

If you have had your hands for a long time in the "suds," or have been scrubbing and scouring until it seems as though your skin is on fire from the irritation of soap and water, rinse your hands in clear water and then wash them in good vinegar or squeeze lemon juice on them and work it well into the flesh. This treatment often does wonders, but it is well to remember that it is often the case that a remedy that will work well on some skins is an irritant to others.

A hammock will often prove a boon to a sick person who has grown weary of the bed. It can be strung across a room from a door frame to the window casing, and may be even hung right over the bed where the patient can slip into it at will. There are light cotton hammocks that are very pretty, and they are soft as silk to the touch. A hammock adjusts itself so perfectly to every inch of the body that it is a wonder that tired women do not try their resting properties oftener.

Radishes.

Radishes possess valuable medicinal properties. They are demulcent, stimulating and diuretic and should be eaten freely when fresh and crisp. They are usually eaten with salt only, but if sliced thin are very nice with a French dressing. In this country the radishes themselves are rarely cooked, though the tops of young radishes are often boiled. The radish is a native of Asia, where it has been cultivated from the most ancient times. Nearly an inch of the green top should be left on the radishes when they are prepared for the table, and this little portion of the top should be eaten, as the peculiar properties they possess help to digest the radish itself.

FACTS IN FEW WORDS.

Every trade in China has its patron saint.

Gas pipes are made of manilla paper coated with asphalt.

The Sultan of Turkey's kitchen costs the empire £40,000 annually.

About 1,200,000 articles are pledged with London pawnbrokers each week.

Insects inhabiting islands have either very short wings of very little use in flying or no wings at all.

Gen. Booth, of Salvation Army fame, will visit Canada next fall and conduct a jubilee throught the Dominion.

A Chinese medical student, Lu Hong, in the University of Michigan, is said to be a descendant of Confucius.

In an old Indian burying ground in St. Simon, Ga., the remains of a warrior over eight feet long were excavated recently.

A youth popularly known as "Baby Bliss," of Bloomington, Ill., weighs 452 pounds, wears a 19½ collar, a 7⅝ hat and No. 12 shoe. And yet he is a good foot racer and graceful waltzer.

A gourd, which was used to keep parched coffee in, is owned by a Mrs. Stephens, of Ellijay, Ga. It is an heirloom, having been in the possession of her family for over a century.

Mr. Gladstone's new library at Hawarden consists of more than 24,000 volumes, many of which are marked and annotated by him, and is placed in an iron building especially erected for it.

It is popularly supposed that when St. Patrick was preaching the doctrine of the Trinity to the Irish he used the shamrock with its three leaves on one stem as a symbol of the teaching.

A petrifaction, consisting of a boar's tusk, about eighteen inches long and two inches in diameter, was recently unearthed at a depth of forty feet on a plantation near Brenham, Texas.

A prehistoric Indian burying ground has been located near Lylton, B. C. Many relics have been unearthed, including, in addition to remains, crockery, carved stone bowls, and countless arow heads.

On cutting through a teak log in the sawmill of a dockyard at Shurness, England, recently, a bird's next containing four eggs was found in a hollow spot. The log had been shipped some months previous from India.

The Apache chief, Geronimo, for some years past at Mount Vernon, Ala., is said to have grown old rapidly, so far as physical appearance is concerned, his hair being as white as snow, but he is still robust and heary.

Among Sioux Indians, when one family borrows a kettle from another, it is expected, when the kettle is returned, a small portion of the food cooked in it will be left in the bottom. Disregardof this custom ends the borrowing business.

The town of Rockport, Mass., has had but two town clerks in fifty-four years. Col. William Pool was chosen when the town was incorporated in 1840, and served twenty-nine years, being succeeded by his son, Calvin W., who has filled the office ever since.

The strongest natural salt baths in the United States are at Warsaw, N. Y. Here nature's vast deposits have long been the source of supply for the greater portion of this country for the various kinds of salt used in domestic consumption. The salt swimming pool is a chief attraction.

WIT OF THE EDITORS.

He—"They met at the seaside. Then commenced an acquaintance that would soon have ripened into love. But——" She—"But what?" He—"They married."—Vogue.

Hard Up—"I get a bill from my tailor only twice a year." Slow Pay—"I'll have to patronize him." Hard Up—"But my bill is the money he borrows from me."—New York Morning Journal.

"When Mr. Higgins asked you to marry him did you tell him that he must ask your mother?" "I did, but he said she'd refused him long before he ever thought of asking me."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Mr. Hubster—"I suppose you say, like the rest of the western girls: "See Chicago and die?" Miss Candlard—"Indeed, I don't use such English as that! I say: "See Chicago and me."—Chicago Tribune.

"Hello!" exclaimed the telegraph editor, "here's a first-class article from Kentucky." "You don't say so," responded the absent-minded city editor. "Who's got a corkscrew?"—Washington Star.

"My husband has all the virtues but one," remarked the wife of a struggling young doctor. "What is that?" asked her sympathetic friend. "Patients," replied the young wife.—Philadelphia Record.

Doctor—"Does your cough seem rather tight?" Patient—"Great Scott! No, no, no; I've had nothing but hot lemonade for a week. How could a cough or anything else get tight on that?"—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

"Mister," said the small boy to the grocer, "mother told me to ask you if they's any such thing as a sugar trust." "Why, of course there is." "W-well, mother wants to get trusted for two pounds."—Washington Star.

Mr. Grumpps—"What earthly good would it do if women should be allowed to take a hand in politics?" Mrs. Grumpps—"Well, for one thing, we'd clean house a good deal oftener than you men voters do."—New York Weekly.

"There's new grounds for a strike," said the agitator. "Where?" asked a workman. "In the clock factory. A young fellow just told me that some of the hands worked twenty-four hours a day."—American Industries.

Mrs. Doser—"There, I begin to lose all confidence in patent medicines. I've tried five bottles of the Inevitable Renewer, and I'm not one bit better than when I began." Mr. Doser—"Possibly the patent, my love, has run out."—Boston Transcript.

It takes a long apprenticeship to train a whole people to reading and writing.—Dr. Holmes.

No one is useless in this world who lightens the burden of it for another.

SHOES.

THE SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE OF BLOOMSBURG.

Years of experience and Spot Cash put my goods in the Store at moderate cost. Small expenses and modern margin of profits gives you low prices for Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions of all kinds, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Groceries, &c. Remember we are headquarters for Shoes, and he have everything in the Shoe line from the cheapest to the best. Come and see us and we will save you money.

W. H. MOORE.

CORNER MAIN AND IRON STS.

The Bloomsburg Steam Dye Works

on West St. between 2nd and 3rd, are now prepared to do all kinds of

Mens' Suits, Ladies' Dresses and Coats,

Shawls, and every description of wearing apparel. Also, we do scouring, cleaning and pressing of goods that do not need dyeing, and make them clean and sweet as new.

Goods sent by express should be addressed

Bloomsburg Steam Dye Works.

HERE THEY ARE THREE OF THE FINEST

No. 16. Buckeye Cultivator - **Broken Axle Riding and Walking.**
No. 17. Buckeye Cultivator--Spring Tooth " "
No. 3. One-half Buckeye Cultivator - Walking.

There is a combination hard to beat
We sell the best binder twine this season at the best prices.
Don't buy your twine until you see our prices.

D. W. KITCHEN,

BLOOMSBURG, - Penna.

DR. E. GREWER,

The Philadelphia Specialist,

And his associated staff of English and German Physicians, will be at the

Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.,

FRIDAY, JULY 20, '94,

(ONE DAY ONLY IN EACH MONTH,)

Where they may be consulted. The Doctor is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, formerly demonstrator of physiology and surgery at the Medico-Chirurgical College, of Philadelphia. He is also an honorary member of the Medico-Chirurgical Association, and was physician and surgeon-in-chief of the most noted American and German hospitals, comes highly indorsed by the leading professors of Philadelphia and New York.

His many years of hospital experience enables this eminent physician and surgeon to correctly diagnose and treat all deformities and diseases with the most flattering success, and his high standing in the State will not allow him to accept any incurable case.

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED,

Weakness of Young Men Cured.

If you have been given up by your physician, call upon the doctor and be examined. He cures the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Scrofula, Old Sores, Catarrh, Piles, Female Weakness, Affections of the Ear, Eye, Nose and Throat, Asthma, Deafness, Tumors, Cancers, and Cripples of every description. Consultation in English and German free, which shall be considered sacred and strictly confidential.

NORTHERN HOME OFFICE:

TEMPLE COURT BUILDING,

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OFFICE HOURS: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily Sunday, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. 5-18-1y.

ELECTRIC TELEPHONE

Sold outright, no rent, no royalty. Adapted to City, Village or Country. Needed in every home, shop, store and office. Greatest convenience and best seller on earth.

Agents make from $5 to $50 per day.

One in a residence means a sale to all the neighbors. Fine instruments, no toys, works anywhere, any distance. Complete, ready for use when shipped. Can be put up by any one, never out of order, no repairing, lasts a life time. Warranted. A money maker. Write W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk 10, Columbus, O.

SPECULATION.

The Hodgan Commission Co., BROKERS,

248 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., offers special facilities to traders in STOCKS, BONDS AND GRAIN, in large or small quantities, for cash or on margins of one per cent. or more. Send for our pamphlet "*How to Speculate.*" 5-1-1—d.

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CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Plans and Estimates on all kinds of buildings. Repairing and carpenter work promptly attended to.

Dealer in Builder's Supplies.

Inside Hardwood finishes a specialty.

Persons of limited means who desire to build can pay part and secure balance by mortgage.

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(Opposite U. S Patent Office.)

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleans the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Restores the Sense of Taste and smell.

TRY THE CURE. **HAY-FEVER**

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N.Y.

PATENTS

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Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address

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J. R. SMITH & Co.

LIMITED.

MILTON, Pa.,

PIANOS.

By the following well-known makers:

Chickering,

Knabe,

Weber,

Hallet & Davis.

Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers' prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.

—·:o:·—

Catalogue and Price Lists

On application.

CROWN ACME,

The Best Burning Oil That Can be Made From Petroleum.

It gives a brilliant light. It will not smoke the chimneys. It will not char the wick. It has a high fire test. It will not explode. It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.

We Challenge Comparison with any other illuminating oil made.

We stake our Reputation, as Refiners upon the statement that it is

The Best Oil

IN THE WORLD.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

CROWN - ACME

—:o:—

The Atlantic Refining Co.

BLOOMSBURG STATION,

BLOOMSBURG, PA

A Texas Black Panther.

A few mornings ago Owen Prendergast, a small farmer living near Coleman, Texas, left home, seeking a young cow which had strayed from her pasture and failed to turn up when milking time came. Prendergast had gone nearly a quarter of a mile when he was overtaken by his wife, who brought him his pistols, explaining that as she had seen him walk away she had been seized with a presentiment of danger and, remembering that her husband was unarmed, she had followed with the weapons. Prendergast laughed at the woman, but took the pistols, securing them about his waist.

Nothing was to be seen of the missing animal on the prairie, so the farmer resolved to search the belt of timber about four or five miles away. This he did pretty thoroughly without coming across any trace of the cow, when he found a broken place in a thicket where some animal had galloped about as if in terror, the ground being cut up with hoof marks, while the herbage and undergrowth was sprinkled with blood. Following these marks Pendergast came across other indications that convinced him that the cow he was in search of had here been wounded in some way, and had gone wild with her pain. Soon he discovered the place where she had fallen only to rise again and go running on, the blood spots growing more frequent, wetting the grass in pools.

Prendergast drew his pistols and followed the trail, which led him deeper into the woods, and presently came upon the cow lying under a tree dead, with a large object at its throat, tearing it open and lapping the blood as it flowed. This object as the farmer drew near raised its head, and revealed itself as an enormous wildcat of the variety known as the black panther from its size and a perfectly round black spot just between the eyes.

Without quitting its prey the big cat turned snarling toward the farmer, its coarse fur bristling with a warning of its ferocity and determination to hold its ground. Prendergast fired at it, but the shot only splintered the tree behind it. The wildcat rose, however, and faced its enemy, watching him with bloodshot eyes and open snarling mouth, waving its tail as a cat does when creeping upon a bird, but made no attempt to attack the farmer, until, firing a second time, he cut off one of the tasseled ears close to the head. Then with a scream of fury the beast crouched for a moment and sprang forward.

Prendergast fired directly into its face, but unstayed by the shot that cut away the tip end of its muzzle and left it bleeding profusely, the cat had nearly reached him when in sudden panic the farmer ran behind the tree. But the cat was after him, and though he dodged, aiming to keep the trunk of the tree between him and the now thoroughly enraged animal, the creature was too quick for him, and springing forward caught him, and flinging itself upon him bore him to the ground. Prendergast struck at the cat with the butt end of one of his pistols, but the animal seized his right arm in its teeth and tore at the flesh.

In his fall the farmer had gotten his left arm under him in a way that rendered him all but helpless in the power of his antagonist, and the cat bit and tore at him with its teeth and nails until his entire body was nearly raw. Prendergast struggled desperately, but was not able to throw off the cat, which only dug its claws the deeper into his flesh for his twistings and writhings. But realizing that it was a question now of only a short time till the animal killed him, the farmer made one supreme effort and succeeded in releasing his arm. With this he was able to draw the other pistol from his belt, and placing it close to the blunt head on his breast, pulled the trigger and fired. The charge entered the brain, tearing away one side of the skull and dashing the brains and blood over the face of the prostrate man.

When night came on and her husband did not return Mrs. Prendergast grew uneasy and started out to look for him, but meeting a neighbor, who told her that he had seen Prendergast in town that afternoon, she returned home. But as morning came without bringing him she rode over to see her informant of the day before, who admitted finally that he might have been mistaken in the man he had seen, and who offered to go with her to seek her husband.

They came upon the spot where the cat had probably leaped from a tree upon the back of the hapless cow, and following the same indications that had been pursued by the farmer the day before soon discovered him lying as though dead, with the body of the cat still stretched on his unconscious form and his face almost indistinguishable for the brain and blood upon it. He was alive, however, though he had bled profusely from the innumerable scratches—some of them that reached nearly to the bone—which covered his body, and from his right arm, which had been fearfully lacerated by the cat.

It was feared that he would bleed to death before he could be gotten home, but prompt attention was secured and that evening he was able to give an account of his terrible experience.

Fashionable White Toilettes for Ladies.

As the summer season advances white gowns are the favorites for the sea shore and mountains. White flannel as well as serge are adopted for mountain costumes or yachting suits and are even worn in bicycle riding. For the morning, white toilettes of pique, duck and linen are seen in endless combinations. Besides these, the following materials are largely in demand: China silks, barges, dotted or embroidered, Swiss muslins, and all the varieties of nainsook and dimities. Among the novelties in summer millinery white is also popular. Artistic hats are made of tulle, and the delicate milk-white chip hats are trimmed with white moire and white flowers in picturesque confusion. The favorite wrap at the summer resorts is the Golf cape, in white cloth, lined with some dainty bright color in plaid or brocade. In the McDowell Fashion Magazine are found numerous details concerning these novelties, the patterns of which are offered in the form of coupons at very moderate prices. "La Mode de Paris," and "Paris Album of Fashion," cost $3.50 each per annum, or 35 cents a copy. "The French Dress Maker" is $3.00 per year, or 30 cents a copy. "LaMode," a unique family journal in the colored plates, costs only $1.50 per year, or 15 cents a copy. The three first mentioned publications offer each $1.00 worth of coupon patterns and "La Mode" fifty cents worth of the same as a premium for a yearly subscription. If you are unable to procure any of these journals from your newsdealer do not take any substitute from him but apply by mail to Messrs. A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York.

Facts Worth Knowing.

In all diseases of the nasal mucous membrane the remedy used must be non-irritating. Nothing satisfactory can be accomplished with douches, snuffs, powders, or astringents, because they are irritating, do not thoroughly reach the affected surfaces and should be abandoned as worse than failures. A multitude of persons who had for years borne all the worry and pain that catarrh can inflict testify to radical and permanent cures wrought by Ely's Cream Balm. Your druggist has it.

Legal Advertisements.

TOWN TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers of the town of Bloomsburg by the undersigned that he will receive town taxes for the year 1894 at his office in Lockard's building from July 5 to August 5, 1894, after which time 5 per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid at the expiration of said period.

J. H. MAIZE,
July 6-4t. Town Treasurer.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of O. A. Jacoby, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia Co., Pa., deceased.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the executors of said decedent as per their account, will sit at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 6th day of August, 1894, at 10 o'clock, a. m., when and where all parties having claims against the estate must present them, or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

CHARLES G. BARKLEY,
July 6, '94-3t. Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Hezekiah Kelchner, late of Mifflin township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned Executrix, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

TABACY KELCHNER,
7-7-6t. Executrix.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of John P. Hannon, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of John P. Hannon, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned administratrix, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

MRS. ANNA W. HANNON,
W. H. SNYDER, Atty. Administratrix.
6-29-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Wm. Coffman, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit in his office in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, July 17, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN,
6-22-4t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elizabeth Ruckle, deceased.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrator of said decedent, as per his first and final account, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will sit at the office of Col. J. G. Freeze, in the town of Bloomsburg, on Tuesday the 17th day of July, A. D., 1894, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties having claims against the estate must present them or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

JOHN G. HARMAN,
6-15-t a Auditor.

NOTICE TO LOT OWNERS, AND OTHERS having friends buried in the grounds of the Rosemont Cemetery Company.

You are hereby notified and required to clean the lots and place in neat condition the lots and graves in which you are interested, as well as repair the stones and other monuments at graves, within thirty days from this date, otherwise the same will be done by the Cemetery Company and the charges demanded from you.

PHILLIP UNANGST,
Bloomsburg, Pa., June 28, 1894. Sup't.

WANTED MEN Honest temperate, energetic to solicit orders for FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL NURSERY STOCK. Permanent employment and liberal inducements. No previous experience necessary. Varieties adapted to Pennsylvania. Write at once for terms and territory. Address,

THE GUARANTEE NURSERY CO.,
18th and Chestnut Station, Philadelphia.
5-t-3t.

Bring The Babies.

Instantaneous Process Used.

Strictly first class guaranteed photographs, crayons and copies at reasonable prices. We use exclusively the Collodion Aristotype papers, thus securing greater beauty of finish and permanency of results. CAPWELL,
MARKET SQUARE GALLERY.
5-11-1yr. Over Hartman's Store.

E. A. RAWLINGS.

—DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Meat,

Beef, Veal, Lamb Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

CENTRE STREET,
C. H. REICE'S OLD STAND.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM

In effect May, 20, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottaville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.35 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.15, 5.00, 6.31, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.15, 3.15 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m.
Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.
Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.
Leave Tamaqua 1.20 a. m.
Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.10 a m, 4.30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.18, 6.15.
Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, 11.45 a. m., 1.37, 3.27, 6.23.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.40, 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 5.18 7.23, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.40 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.23, p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 8.00, 9.00, 10.45 a. m. (Saturday only, 1.30), 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.45 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 4.45, 6.30 p. m. One dollar Excursion Train, 7.00 a. m.

Returning, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 6.30, (Monday only 6.45), 7.00, 7.45, 9.00, 10.15 a. m. and 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m. Accommodation, 8.10 a. m. and 4.22 p. m. One dollar Excursion Train, from foot Mississippi Ave. only, 6.00 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 8.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 9.30 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m. and 5.05 p. m. One dollar Excursion Train, from foot Mississippi Ave. only, 6.10 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R

Taking effect MONDAY, APR. 2, 1894.

SOUTH			NORTH
4	2		1	3
Arrive.			Leave.
P M	A M	STATIONS.	A M	P M
6 30	7 20	Bloomsburg D. L. & W. Dep	8 35	6 40
6 26	7 18	P & R. Depot.	8 39	6 41
6 24	7 13	Bloomsburg Main Street.	8 42	6 47
6 20	7 10	Irondale	8 45	6 50
6 12	7 03	Paper Mill	8 52	6 58
6 09	7 00	Lightstreet	8 55	7 02
5 54	6 50	Orangeville	9 01	7 10
5 48	6 39	Forks	9 14	7 20
5 44	6 35	Zaners	9 18	7 24
5 37	6 28	Stillwater	9 25	7 29
5 27	6 18	Benton	9 35	7 39
5 22	6 14	Edsons	9 40	7 44
5 20	6 12	Coles Creek	9 43	7 48
5 16	6 08	Sugarloaf	9 46	7 52
5 13	6 07	Laubachs	9 50	7 57
5 03	5 53	Central	10 00	8 07
5 00	5 50	Jamison City	10 05	8 10
P M	A M		A M	P M
Leave.			Arrive.	

HIRES' Rootbeer

makes the home circle complete. This great Temperance Drink gives pleasure and health to every member of the family. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Be sure and get the genuine.

Sold everywhere. Made only by
The Chas. E. Hires Co., Philada.
Send 2c. stamp for beautiful Picture Cards and Book.

6-1'-1w

SPEEDY and LASTING RESULTS.
FAT PEOPLE
You can get this. No inconvenience. Simple, sure. ABSOLUTELY FREE from any injurious substance. LARGE ABDOMENS REDUCED. You can stay this.
We GUARANTEE a CURE or refund your money. Price $3.00 per bottle. Send 4c. for treatise.
TREMONT MEDICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

6-29-4w. d

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON,
and all Securities that are dealt in on New York, Philadelphia or Chicago Exchanges, bought and sold for cash or on margin.
HERMANN COHEN & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
61 Broadway, New York City.
137 So. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Market letter on application.
5-18-4t.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH.				
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
Northumberland	6 20	1 50			
Cameron	6 35	....	.....	5	
Chulasky	6 40	....	.....	5	
Danville	6 48	2 12	10 26	5	58
Catawissa	7 05	2 26	10 39	6	15
Rupert	7 12	2 31	10 44		35
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 36	10 49	6	29
Espy	7 27	2 43	....	6	42
Lime Ridge	7 34	2 50	.....	6	50
Willow Grove	7 38	2 54	.....	6	59
Briarcreek	7 41	....	.	6	
Berwick	7 48	3 04	11 12	6	58
Beach Haven	7 54	3 10	11 18	7	02
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 17	....	7	09
Shickshinny	8 10	3 29	11 33	7	22
Hunlock's	8 21	3 39	.....	7	32
Nanticoke	8 26	3 46	11 49	7	39
Avondale	8 30	3 51	.	7	43
Plymouth	8 35	3 56	11 56	7	48
Plymouth Junction	8 40	4 00	....	7	52
Kingston	8 45	4 05	12 03	7	57
Hennett	8 49	4 08	12 06	8	02
Maltby	8 52	4 12	.....	8	07
Wyoming	8 56	4 17	12 13	8	12
West Pittston	9 01	4 22	.....	8	17
Pittston	9 08	4 30	12 22	8	25
Duryea	9 12	4 34	.....	8	29
Lackawanna	9 16	4 37	.....	8	32
Taylorville	9 25	4 45	12 35	8	42
Bellevue	9 31	4 50	....	8	47
SCRANTON	9 35	4 55	12 45	8	52
	A. M.	P. M	P. M.		M

STATIONS.	SOUTH.				
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
SCRANTON	6 00	9 50	1 35	6	07
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	....	
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 45	6	17
Lackawanna	6 19	10 07	1 52	6	24
Duryea	6 22	10 10	1 55	6	28
Pittston	6 28	10 14	2 00	6	34
West Pittston	6 35	10 20	2 06	6	38
Wyoming	6 40	10 25	2 11	6	43
Maltby	6 44	10 28	....	....	
Bennett	6 48	10 32	2 19	6	50
Kingston	6 54	10 35	2 25	6	55
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 39	2 29	....	
Plymouth	7 04	10 44	2 34	7	03
Avondale	7 09	10 48	2 53	7	07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 52	2 42	7	12
Hunlock's	7 20	10 59	2 50	7	20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 09	3 01	7	30
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 17	7	41
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 25	7	47
Berwick	8 02	11 40	3 35	7	53
Briar Creek	8 09	....	3 40	....	
Willow Grove	8 18	11 50	3 44	8	02
Lime Ridge	8 17	11 56	3 50	8	06
Espy	8 24	12 04	3 58	8	12
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 12	4 05	8	18
Rupert	8 37	12 18	4 12	8	23
Catawissa	8 42	12 23	4 18	8	28
Danville	8 57	12 37	4 36	8	43
Chulasky	9 03	.....	4 46	....	
Cameron	9 07	12 46	4 51	8	53
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 22	1 00	5 05	9	07
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M	

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with N. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & E. R. R. DIV. AND N. C. RY

In effect June 3, 1894 Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD.

9:48 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.; New York 5:53 p. m.; Baltimore, 3:10 p. m.; Washington 4:30 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia Baltimore. Parlor car to Philadelphia.

1:55 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except Sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6:50 p. m.; New York, 9:23 p. m.; Baltimore 6:45 p. m.; Washington 7:30 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5.25 p. m. Train 12 [Daily except Sunday] for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 11:15 p. m. New York 3:31 a, m., Baltimore 10:40 p. m., Passenger coach to Philadelphia.

8:17 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:30 a. m.; New York 7:23 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:30 a. m.-Train 4 (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a m.; New York 9:34 a. m., weekdays; 10:35 a. m., Sunday. Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:-40 a. m., Pullman Sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

4:36 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 8:55 a. m. and Washington 10:16 a. m and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

1:35 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Rochester.

5:18 a. m.—Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with Pullman palace cars to Erie and Elmira and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9:56—Train 15 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1:35 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:44 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

9:25 p. m.—Train 13 daily for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., Baltimore 4:40 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:15 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:56 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 7:50 a. m., Baltimore 8:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:25 p. m., Washington 10:30 a. m. Baltimore 11:25 A. M. (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 5:39 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 13 leaves New York 2.10 p. m., weekdays 2:00 p. m. Sunday, Philadelphia 4:40 p. m. weekdays; 4.30 p. m. Sunday. Washington 8:15 p. m., Baltimore 4:12 p. m. daily, arriving at Sunbury 9:25 p. m Through Coach and Parlor car from Philadelphia.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:00 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:10 p. m., Baltimore 8:15 p. m., arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 a. m. weekdays, with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches from Washington and Baltimore.

Train 3 leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m., Baltimore 1:40 p. m., (Daily,) arriving at Sunbury 5:08 a. m., with Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

SUNBURY HAZLETON, & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD, AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday)

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes Barre 12 10 p. m. Hazleton 12:15 p. m., Pottsville 1.25 p. m.

Train 11 leaves Sunbury 5:47 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:38 p. m., Wilkes-Barre 8:00 p. m. Hazleton 7:56 p. m. Pottsville 9:05 p. m.

Train 8 leaves Wilkes-Barre 7:25 a. m. Pottsville 6:00 a. m., Hazleton 7:10 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 8:47 a. m., Sunbury 9.35 a m.

Train 10 leaves Pottsville 1:50 p m. Hazleton 3:04 p. m. Wilkes-Barre 3:12 p. m arriving at Bloom Ferry 4:31 p. m., Sunbury 5:15 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 12:10 p. m.

Train 26 leaves Wilkes-Barre 4:40 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:08 p. m., Sunbury 7:00 p. m.

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These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
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Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Lycoming County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

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BADGES. WE ARE PREPARED TO SHOW samples of metal, celluloid, woven and ribbon badges for all kinds of orders and societies, and can have them made to order on short notice. Send for samples and get prices. Address THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

NEW LEASE.—A NEW FORM OF LEASE has been printed, and is for sale at this office. Covers everything. 5 cents each or 40 cents a dozen. tf.

JUSTICES AND CONSTABLES FEE BILL.—Justices and constables can procure copies of fee bill under the act of 1893, at THE COLUMBIAN office. It is printed in pamphlet form, and is very convenient for reference. It also contains the act of 1889 concerning the destruction of wolves, wildcats, foxes and minks. They will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of 20 cents in stamps. tf.

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CARE OF PLANTS.

Century plants are very hardy and will stand most anything. After several years experience I have found that the best way to keep them over winter is to put them in the cellar in a cool place, not in danger of frost howeve., and with a little light. If kept in total darkness they will become bleached. They want no water if in the dark, as it will rot the roots. If they become very dry, a little water two or three times during the winter is all that is necessary. They should be brought out doors as early in the spring as possible. I usually take mine out about the middle of May.

Cannas and Calladiums should be potted and started in the house, in a warm place, and should not be set out in the yard before June 1. They require a great deal of water. These plants are ornamental, and quite inexpensive. Calladium bulbs can be purchased at from five to fifty cents apiece, according to size. There are several varieties of cannas, the red leaf being the prettiest.

Palms and screw pines should not have the direct rays of the sun. They are tropical plants and grow profusely in the thick forests of the south. Among the prettiest of these plants for the jardiniere are Latania Borbonica, Kentia Balmorcana, Seaforthia elegans, Areca lutescens, and others. The Dracena bruantie is another pretty plant, and is quite hardy. Any of these can be procured of florists at prices ranging from fifty cents to two dollars for good sized plants, and they afford much pleasure to the lover of ornamental shubbery.

E.

Death.

Died June 11th in Briarcreek Township, Mrs. Maria Elizabeth Hippensteel, aged 95 years, 5 months and 10 days. She was the mother of nine children, five of whom are living, of 61 grand children of whom forty-five are living, and of 70 great grand children of whom 60 are living.

SEDENTARY CALLINGS

at sometime or other bring on a torpid liver. This condition is common to an indoor life; then there follows another condition, anæmia or lack of blood; frequently another worse effect — that of dyspepsia.

These conditions aggravate one another. Your bad temper is likewise aggravating to your friends. No need to go further, the rest is easy. If you buy a vial of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets you'll find them a *natural remedy*—mild but effectual. They have a strengthening effect upon the lining membranes of stomach and bowels, hence their effect is *lasting*. They cure Constipation, Indigestion, Jaundice, Biliousness and Sick or Bilious Headaches, permanently; because they act naturally.

The best medical testimony proves that these cases are best treated by *mild* methods. One tiny, sugar-coated, Pellet is a corrector, a regulator, and a gentle laxative. They are put up in glass vials, easily carried and always fresh. They are *guaranteed* to benefit or cure, or the money is returned.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures Catarrh in the Head.

The Pullman Strike.

It is, indeed, a supreme effort that united labor organizations are now making. There is not a city in the country but what feels the disadvantages of the tie-up. Some feel it more particularly in the advanced price of meats and vegetables, but in fact all business relations are somewhat affected. Had the tie-up taken place before home vegetables were to be gotten from home gardens, as at first intended even the smaller towns would have felt it. Delegates from all the trades unions of Chicago have decided to order a general strike in which 100,000 workmen will be involved, unless Mr. Pullman yields to their demands. This he flatly refuses to do, claiming that private business should be conducted without interference.

The Pullman company issued a full statement in the Chicago papers of all the events leading up to the strike, and also of the nature and relation of his car-building to the railroads engaging his cars. He gives in this statement a complete exposition of the wages he paid his hands along with his profits and losses in business. As a whole the paper is not calculated to engender sympathy for his striking wage-earners, since he puts the responsibility of their loss of wages and of employment largely upon themselves, in consequence of their arbitrary attitude after his explanation of the depersed conditions and of the competition in the car-building industry. He says many things by way of public and personal explanation:

The absolute necessity of the last reduction in wages, under the existing condition of the business of car manufacturing, had been explained to the committee, and they were insisting upon a restoration of the wage scale of the first half of 1893, when Mr. Pullman entered the room and addressed the committee, speaking in substance as follows:

"At the commencement of the very serious depression last year we were employing at Pullman 5,816 men and paying out in wages there $305,000 a month. Negotiations with intending purchasers of railway equipment that were then pending for new work were stopped by them, orders already given by others were cancelled and we were obliged to lay off, as you are aware, a large number of men in every department, so that by Nov. 1, 1893, there were only about 2,000 men in all departments, or about one-third of the normal number. I realized the necessity for the most strenuous exertions to procure work immediately, without which there would be great embarrassment, not only to the employes and their families at Pullman, but also to those living in the immediate vicinity, including between 700 and 800 employes who had purchased homes, and to whom employment was actually necessary to enable them to complete their payments."

"I canvassed the matter thoroughly with the manager of the works and instructed him to cause the men to be assured that the company would do everything in its power to meet the competition which was sure to occur because of the great number of large car manufacturers that were in the same condition, and that were exceedingly anxious to keep their men employed. I knew that if there was any work to be let, bids for it would be made upon a much lower basis than ever before."

"The result of this discussion was a revision in piece work prices, which, in the absence of any information to the contrary, I supposed to be acceptable to the men under the circumstances. Under these conditions, and with lower prices upon all materials, I personally undertook the work of the lettings of the cars, and by making lower bids than other manufacturers, I secured work enough to gradually increase our force from 2,000 up to about 4,200, the number employed, according to the April pay rolls, in all capacities at Pullman."

In further justification of his attitude on the increased wages demanded by his hands Mr. Pullman proclaims in his manifesto that the selling price of the cars they were turning out had depreciated about 24 per cent. in the past two years.

Whether these deterrents be true or false, and whether the demands of his employees be right or wrong, the deplorable fight is raging more or less aggressively, and it will be felt by rich and poor alike if continued for any great length of time.

The impoverished condition of those willing to work and the disaffection already enkindled among labor organizations would be apt to solve the problem in time; but the varied industries of this nervous nation are far too keen and impatient to thus quietly abide a peaceful settlement of arbitrary and violent acts. When the fundamental and equitable principle of individual control of one's own property and business affairs is thus placed in jeopardy by mob rule, we deem it time for the strong arm of the Government, State or National, (or both if need be) to come to the rescue in behalf of the rights and privileges guaranteed to all by our Constitution.

Mrs. Rishton's pretty Scotch Colley dog died last Saturday from distemper. It was a thorough-bred.

Interlined "Celluloid" Collars and Cuffs turn water like a duck's back and show neither spot nor soil. They are not effected by perspiration, and always look as if right out of the box. When they get soiled you can clean them in a minute by simply wiping off with a wet cloth. These are but a few of the advantages of wearing the "Celluloid" Collars and Cuffs. There are many others that you will readily discover the first time you wear one.

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A Brief Synopsis of Dun's Review.

As to the immediate future, the *Review* admits that the interruption of business by the railroad strikes has been so demoralizing and unsettling in effect as to leave the usual signs of the times of little value.

In speaking of stocks, however, it says they are notably unaffected, closing with a decline of only 14 cents per share. Railroad earnings show a decrease of 21.3 per cent. for June, as against 20.0 for May.

In regard to the effect of the passage of the tariff bill by the Senate, Mr. Dun aptly remarks that no one will venture to risk much on its final passage without further alteration. In fact further alteration is anticipated.

As to speculation in all kinds of products, unsettled conditions make it full of uncertainties. Meats have run higher, however, with famine threatened in New York because of its tie-up in the west, where large quantities have been spoiled and destroyed.

Because of improved crop prospects wheat has fallen 1⅞ cents.

The aggregate yearly export has been 165,000,000 bushels which brought the lowest average price ever known. Consequently but 158,000,000 bushels were sent west as against 240,000,000 bushels the previous year.

Cotton promises so well that speculation for an advance is difficult. Over 7,350,000 bales are in sight with strong promise for a much larger yield.

The iron industry, as a result of unfavorable conditions, emanating from the coal miner's strike and blockade of railroads in the west, will suffer large and general deterioration. Railway earnings being affected, improvements and extensions of the roads will also be affected. Prices are tending downward, though a rally is anticipated immediately after the termination of the strikes.

Textile manufactures show no improvement. On the other hand two important cotton mills stopped indefinitely. Also a number of woolen mills are closed for the present, most likely anticipating cheaper goods through foreign competition after new duties take effect.

Minor industries are also affected much in the same way, especially where changes of tariff duty is liable to bring foreign products into competition with domestic manufactures—all of which tends, of course, to reduce the price in the interest of the consumer, and to the disadvantage of the home manufacturer. This is what the writer would call bitter-sweet; that is bitter to our manufacturing classes and sweet to the consuming masses.

The Government closes its fiscal year with a decrease of $88,919,292 in revenue. However, bankers calculate that the danger point is past, since our gold exports have about stopped, amounting to only $350,000 for the week. Our receipts exceeding our shipments by $2,000,000 this week is very encouraging.

In very plain English the *Review* says: "Large imports are expected when the new tariff goes into effect, which will tend to lessen the customary excess of exports in the Fall."

As to failures, there were less this year than last; and also the liabilities involved in the failures were nearly 50 per cent. less.

"In the important classes the commercial failures show a most encouraging improvement," says the *Review*.

"Failures during the week have been 181 in the United States, against 334 last year, and 34 in Canada, against 23 last year, with no important disaster as yet since the new half year began."

QUARTO CENTENNIAL.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the pastorate of Rev. A. Houtz will be held in two sessions of one day each. The first session will be held on Thursday, August 26, in Mr. Philip Creasy's grove in Centre township, familiarly known as the Conner camp-meeting grove. This will be convenient to all living in Briarcreek valley and the adjacent towns. The second session will be held on Friday, August 27, in Mr. E. M. Laubach's grove, near Forks. This will be convenient to all those who live along the B. & S. R. R. and in Fishingcreek valley and neighboring towns. Tickets will be sold on that day at Forks at excursion rates, and the trains will stop at the grove.

The exercises of each session will begin at 10 A. M. sharp, and close at 4:30 P. M., with a recess of two hours for dinner and social intercourse. An interesting program has been prepared for the occasion, consisting of address, toasts, music and the recitation of two poems prepared especially for this occasion; the one by an old friend of the pastor, Elder John Sutton, and the other by Prof. A. U. Lesher, of Berwick, a grand-son of the immediate predecessor of the pastor. Offerings will be lifted at each session.

The following brethren have signified their intention to be present and take part: Revs. E. H. Dieffenbacher, of Strawberry Ridge; D. E. Schoedler, of Turbotville; G. S. Sorber, of Watsontown; D. W. Ebbert, of Milton; C. B. Alspach, of Danville; F. H. Fisher, of Mausdale; G. B. Dechant, of Catawissa; C. H. Brandt, of Bloomsburg; W. D. Donot, of Wapwallopen; S. C. Meckel and F. K. Levan, D. D., of Wilkes-Barre; J. B. Kerschner, of Conyngham; A. Noll, of Hazleton; J. C. Bowman, D. D., of Lancaster, and W. Goodrich, of Clearsbury, Md.

All who have hymnals will please bring the same. The dinner will be in the form of a basket picnic. No melon wagons, confectionery stands or drinking bars will be allowed on the grounds, as these are always a source of annoyance and distraction.

We hereby, in the name of the pastor and the Orangeville Reformed charge, extend a most cordial invitation to all pastors and their congregations, and the public generally, to attend this Quarto Centennial which we believe will be a social, intellectual and spiritual feast to all present.

COMMITTEE.

To Arbitrary Strikers.

The greatest mistake any body of arbitrary strikers can make is to suppose, as their leader Debs declares, that ninety per cent. of the American people are in sympathy with them or with any arbitrary act of anybody. Law and order is the first consideration of the American citizen who is worthy of his country and the sheltering care of the flag he honors. Anarchy is not yet characteristic of America, thank God. If the money-power cannot be reached and be kept in obeyance through the help of God and the secret ballot, it surely cannot be done with the help of the devil and a few scattering bullets and bombs in the hands of the drunken and reckless foreigner. Against all this the patriot must heartily protest if he would preserve the best and most considerate Government on earth to the poor man. The Presidential oath compels the President to protect the personal property of rich and poor alike, and this public sentiment also demands of him. As to the right of an employee to strike against an employer no one doubts it; but to arbitrarily stand in his door-way armed against all comers, threatening both his life and property in case he presumes to continue business, is quite another thing. It dont take a very great knowledge of law or equity to observe the falsity and recklessness of such an attitude on the part of the striker. If carried to his own property on personal belongings he could better observe its gross injustice, no doubt.

This much we must say while in hearty sympathy with those who actually labor for a living, and also in hearty sympathy with any and all legitimate and fair means tending to make capital remember that, "the laborer is worthy of his hire." The laborer's hands being frequently the source of the rich man's wealth, they should earn for him not only enough to live, but also a liberal share of the protected dividends. But whether capital of its own volition will be liberal and just or not, no laborer or artisan can afford to consent to anything leading the more reckless to unlawless acts, such as murder or arson, from a spirit of revenge, The Almighty has has hitherto always liberated the enslaved and there is no doubt that He is still able and willing to confound the mighty, the haughty, or the really oppressive. The battle of the poor against the rich, when conducted arbitrarily and without the fear of God or man, is invariably disastrous and ineffectual. For one we have no sympathy with arbitrary acts or actors.

The secretary of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., of Elkhart, Ind., informs us that their prices will be lower for 1894 than ever. He wishes us to ask our readers not to purchase anything in the line of carriages, wagons, bicycles or harness until they have sent 4 cents in stamps to pay postage on their 112 page catalogue. We advise the readers of this paper to remember his suggestion.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City

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Bloomsburg Pa.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

After 4th of July we always sharpen the knife that does the cutting in prices and they are as follows. See the list. Mark this as special sale.

50 belts from 15 and 25c. to 10c. each.
100 pair of children's hose from 10c. pair to 5c.
130 yards of creponett from 18c. to 12½c.
120 " " zephyr laine from 15c. to 10c.
150 " " colored sateen from 25c. to 15c.
250 " " outing flannel from 10c. to 8c.
400 " " dress gingham from 8c. to 6c.
500 " " of best medium calico from 6c. to 4½c.
50 pair of all silk black gloves from 37½c. to 25c. Summer corsets, 45c. Shirt waists, 25c. up to $1.48. Black, tan and white mitts, 19c., 25c. and 50c. Chemisettes, 21c. Gloria umbrellas, 95c. Fans, 1c. to $1.50. Gauze underwear, 5c. to 50c. each.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Cleveland Snubs Altgeld.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, July 6.—*Hon. John P. Altgeld, Governor of Illinois, Springfield, Ills:* While I am persuaded that I have neither transcended my authority or duty in the emergency that confronts us, it seems to me that in this hour of danger and public distress discussion may well give way to active effort on the part of all in authority to restore obedience to law and to protect life and property.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

In his telegram to President Cleveland Governor Altgeld says if the President's assumption that he has the power to order federal troops into any State is right, then the principle of local self government never existed in this country or it has been destroyed.

The governor then says: "You say that troops were ordered into Illinois upon the demand of the Post-office Department upon representation of the judicial officers of the United States that processes of the courts could not be served and upon proof that conspiracies existed. We will not discuss the facts, but look for a moment at the principle involved in your statement. All of these officers are appointed by the executive. Most of them can be removed by him at will. If several of them can apply for troops, one alone can, so that under the law as you assume it to be an executive through any one of his appointees can apply to himself to have the military sent into any city or number of cities, and base his application on such representations or showing as he sees fit to make.

"This assumption as to the power of the executive is certainly new and I respectfully submit that it is not the law of the land. The autocrat of Russia could certainly not possess or claim to possess greater power than is possessed by the executive of the United States, if your assumption is correct.

"The executive has the command, not only of the regular forces of the United States but of the military forces of all the States and can order them to any place he sees fit, and as there are always more or less local disturbances over the country, it will be an easy matter under your construction of the law for an ambitious executive to order out the military forces of all the states and establish at once a military government.

"As for the situation in Illinois, that is of no consequence now when compared with the far-reaching principle involved.

"Inasmuch as the federal troops can do nothing but what the State troops can do there, and believing that the State is amply able to take care of the situation and to enforce the law and believing that the ordering out of the federal troops was unwarranted, I again ask their withdrawal."

Collector's tax receipts and tax notices are for sale at this office. tf

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